CITY OF SHAKOPEE, MINNESOTA

Scott County

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

Department of Finance

Julie Linnihan, Director of Finance Melissa Schlingman, Accounting Manager

> 129 Holmes Street South Shakopee, MN 55379



TABLE OF CONTENTS

SECTION I

	Page
INTRODUCTORY SECTION	
Elected Officials and Administration	1
Organization Chart	2
Letter of Transmittal	3
Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	8
SECTION II	
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report	9
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)	13
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	26
Statement of Activities	27
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	28
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position –	
Governmental Funds	29
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances –	
Governmental Funds	30
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities – Governmental Funds	31
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances –	
Budget and Actual – General Fund	33
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds	34
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position –	
Proprietary Funds	35
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	36
Combined Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	37
Statement of Net Position – Component Unit	38
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position –	
Component Unit	39
Notes to the Financial Statements	41
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of Funding Progress – Other Post Employment Benefits	76
Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance –	
Budget and Actual – General Fund	78
Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules:	
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	80
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	
Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	86
,	

TABLE OF CONTENTS

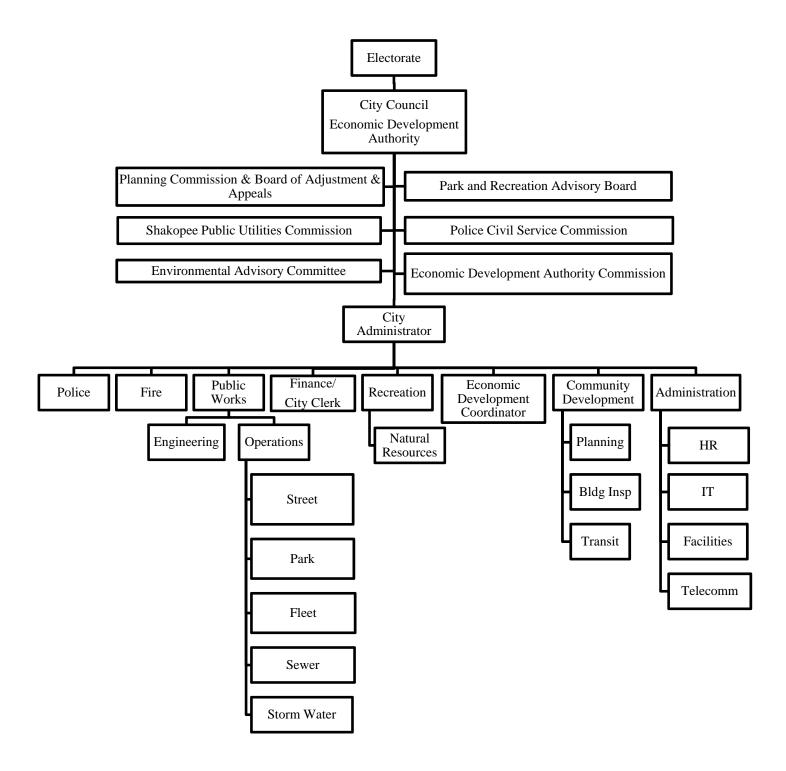
SECTION II (Continued)

	'able	Page
FINANCIAL SECTION		
Supplementary Information: (Continued)		
Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules: (Continued)		
Combining Statement of Fund Net Position – Internal Service Funds		92
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net		
Position – Internal Service Funds		93
Combining Statement of Cash Flows – Internal Service Funds		94
Combined Statement Fiduciary Net Position		95
Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities –Agency Fund		96
SECTION III		
STATISTICAL SECTION		
Net Position by Component	1	102
Changes in Net Position	2	104
Fund Balances – Governmental Funds		106
Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds		108
Tax Capacity and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	5	110
Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates	6	111
Principal Taxpayers	7	112
Property Tax Levies and Collections		113
Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type	9	114
Ratio of General Bonded Outstanding	10	115
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	11	117
Legal Debt Margin Information	12	118
Pledged Revenue Coverage	13	120
Demographic and Economic Statistics	14	121
Principal Employers	15	123
Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program	16	124
Operating Indicators by Function/Program	17	126
Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program		128

ELECTED OFFICIALS AND ADMINISTRATION DECEMBER 31, 2013

Elected Officials	Position	Term Expires
Brad Tabke	Mayor	December 31, 2013
Matthew Lehman	Council Member	December 31, 2015
Jay Whiting	Council Member	December 31, 2015
Steven Clay	Council Member	December 31, 2013
Pamela Schurman (Resigned 08/31/2013)	Council Member	December 31, 2013
Patrick Heitzman (Appointed 09/01/13)	Council Member	December 31, 2013
Administration		
Mark H. McNeill	City Administrator	Appointed
Julie A. Linnihan	Finance Director/City Clerk	Appointed

ORGANIZATION CHART DECEMBER 31, 2013





May 8, 2014

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and Citizens of the City of Shakopee:

Minnesota Statutes require that within six months of the close of each fiscal year every city publish a complete set of audited financial statements. This report is published to fulfill that specific requirement for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013.

The City's management staff has exercised its best efforts to insure that the information presented in the report is complete and reliable and is based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that has been established for this purpose. The costs of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits and therefore the object is to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

The City of Shakopee's financial statements have been audited by Kern DeWenter Viere, Ltd., a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the year ended December 31, 2013, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP (generally accepted accounting principles). Based on the audit, the independent auditor concluded that there was reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the City's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2013. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used; significant estimates made by management; as well as evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

Management Discussion and Analysis (MD & A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of the City

The City of Shakopee was incorporated for the second time in 1870 and is located approximately 25 miles southwest of Minneapolis. Bounded by the Minnesota River on the north, Shakopee is in the northern part of Scott County and is the county seat. In recent years, the City has been one of the most rapidly growing communities in the state. The 2000 population of the City was 20,568 and the land area covered is approximately 30 square miles. The 2010 census confirmed that the population had increased to 37,076 and has been continuing to experience growth into the current year, with an estimated population of 38,120, in 2013. The city comprises a unique blend of residential, commercial and industrial properties, which provides a wide range of opportunities that are the result of the strong economic health of the community and region. More than 60 % of the community is developed, with approximately 30 % of the developed land as residential. However, about 25 % of the undeveloped land is owned or controlled by the Shakopee Mdewakanton Sioux Community (SMSC), a federally recognized Native American Tribe. The City levies a property tax on both real and personal property located within its boundaries. The City may also by state statute, extend its corporate limits by annexation, which historically has occurred periodically.

Shakopee is organized in Minnesota under Plan A, which includes a City Administrator, but the City Council retains primary decision making authority such as policy setting, adopting ordinances and budget and staffing. The City Council has four members who serve staggered terms of four years plus the Mayor who serves a two-year term. All council positions are non-partisan, part-time and members are elected at large.

The City provides typical municipal services such as police and fire protection, street and infrastructure construction, public works maintenance, parks, recreation, planning and zoning. Also provided are utilities such as sewer and storm drainage utilities, organized refuse collection, recycling, and certain transit services. The City is one of several regional transit providers (opt-outs), and specifically provides express bus and local circulator bus service directly. The City is in discussions about merging these services with a larger regional transit provider, but would still remain an opt-out. Electric and water utilities are operated by Shakopee Public Utilities Commission which is appointed by the City Council but operates independently of the City of Shakopee.

Economic development and redevelopment are controlled by the Shakopee Economic Development Authority (the Authority). The Authority is comprised of the Mayor and City Council members and is included as an integral part of the City's report. In 2013, the City filled the newly created position of Economic Development Coordinator, which allows for a greater emphasis on the coordination of business and commercial activity with the City operations, as well as Chamber, County and other impacted organizations. The economic development activities of both staff and Council continue to increase from past years, as the strong economic climate in the region has provided the City with the benefit of planned commercial and industrial growth as well as expansion of several existing businesses and commercial sites. 2014 activity has already confirmed that the continuation of the growth trend will carry into the current year as staff prepares to meet the numerous requests for site availability, market niche information and updates relating to a variety of funding options that would provide the necessary bridge considered for a business location or expansion in 2014.

The annual budget is the basis for the City's financial planning and control. The budget is prepared by Fund (e.g., General), function (e.g., Public Works) and department (e.g., Engineering). Budget requests are submitted in July by Department Heads. The City Administrator reviews the submittals with the Finance Director and department heads, to determine the prioritization of specific budget requests. Informational budget summaries are presented to the City Council during work sessions and allow for open community presentation and discussion. The City Council is presented with a proposed budget and tax levy in August of each year. This information succinctly details changes in the upcoming year budget, such as changes in personnel and position structure, funding requests that are unique to the specific budget year, and the basis for the request, such as development of a new program or project, to a Council approved initiative, as well as requests for transfers and internal funding needs, such as internal service fund reviews. City Council is required to adopt a maximum tax levy by September 15. The final tax levy and budget are adopted in December after a public meeting, which provides the City Council and community impact information relating to both the budget decisions and property tax levies. Final levy information is submitted to the County, for inclusion in the development of the upcoming year property tax statements. Budgeting control is provided by an annual budget resolution passed by City Council. Formal control is at the division level and Council action is necessary to change budgeted amounts between divisions and/or funds. The Finance Director or City Administrator may make changes within divisions.

Along with the operating budget, the city annually prepares a five-year capital improvement plan (CIP) that is the basis for the long term goal of providing and maintaining a functional public facility program, that provides the residents and businesses with infrastructure necessary for the on-going growth and development. The capital plans have historically provided details on the infrastructure projects that are funded through property tax levy, special assessments, utility funds and other intergovernmental revenue sources. These projects are primarily allowing for the upgrades, expansion and coordination of transportation based needs, as well as trails, signals and other infrastructure improvements. The City Council also reviews and discusses the Park planned improvements that are funded through the Park Reserve fund, which provides for the use of park and community facilities that have historically been funded through the collection of Park Dedication fees. The capital plans are reviewed with the Council and City staff, and the funding sources and priorities developed for the annual and future budget practices.

A five-year major equipment list is also annually prepared and presented to Council. The funding for this program is through the Internal Service fund rate charges, which are determined by departmental use, replacement plans and determination of the remaining life. Internal Service funds are utilized for the definition and application of other charges, including governmental buildings, park assets facilities, and information technology. These charges are integrated into the individual budgets of the General fund and departments that are benefitted by the activities of the programs. The Internal Service funds continue to be reviewed and updated as the community needs and council directives are considered during each budget cycle.

Local Economy

Shakopee is the county seat of Scott County, and it abuts the largest county in the region, Hennepin County. Shakopee continues to benefit from its strategic location within the metropolitan region, as well as its direct access to TH 169, which connects the city to other major regional roadways, the MSP International Airport, and major employment centers. The City is also at the heart of regional attractions which includes Valleyfair, Canterbury Park horse racing track, Mystic Lake and Little Six casinos, and the Minnesota Renaissance Festival. These and other factors have propelled the City through a period of strong and consistent growth that is likely to continue for years to come.

In 2013 and 2014, permits were issued for the construction of the following;

- Emerson Process Management's remodeling of the approximate 490,000 sq. ft. former ADC II building;
- Opus' construction of a new 195,000 sq. ft. office/warehouse spec building;
- A new 187,000 sq. ft. Shutterfly facility in the Dean Lakes area;
- Construction of a data center, operated by Century Link in the Dean Lakes area;
- Construction of a new 175,000 sq. ft. facility for TE Connectivity on Fourth Avenue;

The Emerson and Shutterfly development projects, which were initiated in 2012 and 2013, will benefit from financing assistance such as tax abatement programs or participation in Minnesota Investment Fund (MIF) opportunities.

The City continues to issue residential permits in the Dakota Crossings plat, which was approved in 2012, and is in the process of reviewing a second plat (Dakota Highlands) which would bring another 54 single family lots to the market in 2014.

A major residential apartment expansion is currently underway in the multi-family residential area near Canterbury downs, which will add 88 new apartment units, as an expansion of the Addison Apartment Complex.

The recent commercial, industrial and residential growth has required the City to maintain a commitment to the infrastructure plans, and integration with other local and regional projects. The City Council committed funding in 2013 for a dedicated transfer of the property tax levy to fund a portion of the planned capital improvements. The initial \$500,000 commitment allows for street reconstruction and overlays, and miscellaneous other construction projects. The 2014 budget provides \$750,000 for continued and expanded capital improvement funding. This will provide for a consistent funding source needed to address recently deferred infrastructure programs. The City also continues to work with Scott County, the State of Minnesota (MnDOT), as well as private developers, to allow for a strong coordination of project planning and benefits to the region's transportation system and business climate.

Supporting retail opportunities, such as restaurants and small retail sites, are investigating Shakopee as a result of the impending increased employee counts from the planned commercial ventures that are scheduled to build in the community.

Scott County has historically dealt with a daily out-migration of workers who work in neighboring counties. This issue is being addressed by decision makers, who want to utilize the skilled and educated work force as an attraction to businesses.. The commercial and industrial growth that will be experienced in 2014 and 2015 will eliminate some of the loss of daily work force from the area. By seeking a solution to both transportation and employment issues, the residents of the Shakopee area will be able to benefit by living and working close to home.

In late 2013, the City Council and Economic Development Advisory Commission members embarked on a study of the Highway 101 Corridor, to address and study the options of the best use of this historic, but under-utilized area. The study continues into 2014, and reviews the options that include housing, retail attractions, as well as a unique niche of businesses that could benefit from the residents who walk, bike and travel through the area, but seldom frequent the offerings of this unique river front site. This study will integrate many of the community needs and suggestions, and allow for the prioritizing of the project plans.

The improved state-wide economic climate has provided the 2014 Minnesota Legislature with the ability to reduce or eliminate several specific business taxes, in an effort to encourage the continuing expansion of the work force and economic environment..

Long-Term Financial Planning

Historically, the City has issued only limited debt, in the form of bonds and internal funding for the planned infrastructure projects, expansion specific to streets, underground utilities, trails and sidewalk expansion. A portion of the long term debt is funded by special assessments against benefited properties. The City applies special assessments against benefitted properties at a rate of 30% of the assessable project costs. This limited amount of special assessment revenue does require the City to clearly define the other recognized components of the payment of project costs. The City does not assess for overlays, which then requires funding from the tax levy or other regional revenues sources. The City Council has recently allowed for the use of inter-fund transfers, use of existing fund balance position, as well as review of charges and fees that may be applicable to the projects, and currently not tapped for future funding sources.

City equipment needs are currently identified and funded in a manner that will not place an undue burden or single year expense fluctuation on the taxpayers. The planned equipment replacement program clearly identifies the equipment needs for current projects as well as future use. This is based on known and anticipated programs and mandates, such as environmental program adjustments and possible community expansion and growth. The capital and equipment needs of the City require constant appraisal for replacement cost, life span and the assurance that the insurance coverage is providing for the most comprehensive, yet affordable, coverage. This has become a high priority of the departments to make certain that the assets of the City are adequately covered.

Relevant Financial Policies

The City's target General Fund balance is to maintain an unassigned level between 40% and 45% of current year expenditures. This level is to provide working capital for cash flow, expected declines in revenues, and for unforeseen expenditures such as natural disasters, or for unforeseen but urgent requests. Replenishing the fund balance when it falls below the target level shall be accomplished by inter-fund transfers, or adjusting of expenditures or revenues, over a period not to exceed three years.

The City historically receives no local government aid (LGA) or market value homestead credit (MVHC) from the State of Minnesota. Annual legislative actions may impact the financial position of those cities that are currently reliant on these and other revenue sources, which leaves them vulnerable to the economies of the State as a whole. As of this writing, it was not anticipated that actions by the Minnesota Legislature would negatively impact the city and its' operations and planning. The standard budget process, which provides for the presentation and approval of the property tax levies for the General fund (including Economic Development), debt service and referendum debt, will be consistent with prior year actions.

The accounting, auditing and financial reporting policies are designed to maintain a system of financial monitoring, control and reporting for all operations and funds in order to provide effective means of ensuring that overall City goals and objectives will be met and to assure the City's residents and investors that the City is well managed and fiscally sound.

The investment policy provides for conservative investing, preserving capital and maintaining adequate liquidity for forecasted cash needs. A third party investment manager handles the majority of the portfolio and all investments are held in a trust account.

The debt policy ensures that the City's debt; 1) does not weaken the City's financial structure; and 2) provide limits on debt to avoid problems in servicing debt. This policy is critical for maintaining the best possible credit rating.

Capital policies include having expenditures forecasted ahead for five to ten years and are updated annually. Internal Service Funds for major equipment, major buildings and facilities, park asset replacement and information technology costs stabilize the annual impact of those items to the General fund.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Shakopee for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012. This was the 28th consecutive year that the City has received this award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report satisfied both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the Finance Department, Accounting Manager Melissa Schlingman, and the entire city staff. We express appreciation to those staff members who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Credit also must be given to the Mayor and Councilors for their support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Shakopee's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Mark Mc Veil

Mark McNeill Administrator Julie A. Linnihar Finance Director

Julie a. Linnihan



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Shakopee Minnesota

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2012

Executive Director/CEO



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Shakopee Shakopee, Minnesota

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Shakopee, Minnesota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, and the related Notes to the Financial Statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Shakopee, Minnesota, as of December 31, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Implementation of GASB 65

As discussed in Note 21 to the financial statements, the City has adopted the provisions of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis which follows this letter the Schedule of Funding Progress - Other Post Employment Benefits as listed in the Table of Contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Shakopee's basic financial statements. The introductory section, accompanying supplementary information and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.



The accompanying supplementary information is the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 8, 2014 on our consideration of the City of Shakopee's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Shakopee's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

KERN, DEWENTER, VIERE, LTD.

Kein DeWenter Viere Col.

St. Cloud, Minnesota

May 8, 2014

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS December 31, 2013

As management of the City of Shakopee (the "City"), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the year ended December 31, 2013. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our Letter of Transmittal, which can be found on pages 3 to 7 of this report.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent year by \$ 255.6 million (net position). Of this amount, \$ 61.8 million (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's total net position decreased \$ 1,778,567.
- As of the close of the current year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$27,702,197 million, decreasing from the prior year. Approximately 32.7% of this total amount, \$9.1 million is available for spending at the City's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$ 9.1 million, or 46.5 %, of total General Fund expenditures.
- The City's total bonded debt decreased \$ 2,070,000.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) Notes to the Financial Statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused employee leaves).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety,

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS December 31, 2013

highways and streets, economic development and recreation. The business-type activities of the City include sewer and storm drainage utilities.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the primary government), but also two legally separate entities for which the City is financially accountable. The component units are Shakopee Public Utilities Commission (SPUC) and the Economic Development Authority (EDA). SPUC's financial information is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government as a discretely presented component unit. The EDA, which functions like a department of the City although it is a legally separate entity, is presented within the City's government-wide financial statements. The City Council is the EDA Board.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 26 and 27 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Government Funds

Government funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a City's near-term financing's requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains 31 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for the General Fund, the 2004A Improvement Bond Debt Service Fund, and the Capital Improvement Capital Project Fund. Those are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been prepared for the fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS December 31, 2013

The basic governmental funds financial statements can be found on pages 28 to 31 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its sewer and storm drainage operations. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for its fleet of vehicles and mobile equipment, its major buildings, the replacement of park assets, information technology items and for employee compensated absences. All of these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the sewer and storm drainage operations, all of which are considered to be major funds of the City. Conversely, all internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 34 to 36 of this report.

Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the City is financially accountable. The government-wide financial statements present information for the component units in a single column on the Statement of Net Position. Also, some information on the Statement of Changes in Net Position is aggregated for component units. The component units' Statements of Net Position and Statement of Changes in Net Position provide detail for each major component unit.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on page 37 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The Notes to the Financial Statements can be found on pages 41 to 73 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS December 31, 2013

pension benefits to its employees.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds, internal service funds and fiduciary funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pensions. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 80 to 97 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a City's financial position. For the City, assets exceeded liabilities by \$ 255.6 million at the close of the most recent year.

By far the largest portion of the City's net position (71.7 %) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City used these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Net Position (Expressed in Thousands)

	Government	tal Activities	Business-T	ype Activities	T	'otal
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012
Current and Other Assets Capital Assets	\$ 51,813 130,292	\$ 54,141 129,387	\$ 31,753 65,181	\$ 34,525 64,125	\$ 83,566 195,473	\$ 88,666 193,512
Total Assets	\$ 182,105	\$ 183,528	\$ 96,934	\$ 98,650	\$ 279,039	\$ 282,178
Long-Term Liabilities Outstanding Other Liabilities	\$ 15,832 7,010	\$ 18,793 4,807	\$ 93 476	\$ 1,089 82	\$ 15,925 7,486	\$ 19,882 4,889
Total Liabilities	\$ 22,842	\$ 23,600	\$ 569	\$ 1,171	\$ 23,411	\$ 24,771
NET POSITION: Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 118,167 10,454 30,642	\$ 115,192 9,912 34,824	\$ 65,181 - 31,184	\$ 64,125 - 33,354	\$ 183,348 10,454 61,826	\$ 179,317 9,912 68,178
Total Net Position	\$ 159,263	\$ 159,928	\$ 96,365	\$ 97,479	\$ 255,628	\$ 257,407

An additional portion of the City's net position (4.0%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position (\$ 61.8 million) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS December 31, 2013

At the end of the current year, the City was able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The same situation held true for the prior year.

During the current year, the City's net position decreased by \$ 1.8 million. This is a result of additional positions added in 2013 as well as an increase in projects and repairs during the year. Additionally decreases in charges for services due to lower transit revenue, decreased capital grants and contributions due to less state aid funding and lower assessment revenue relating to capital projects. The business-type activities experienced a decrease in net position during 2013 with revenues decreasing due to decreases from the previous year in metro SAC charges and state aid construction. Expenditures increased as a result of increased Met Council charges and increased maintenance and operational costs.

Changes in Net Position (Expressed in Thousands)

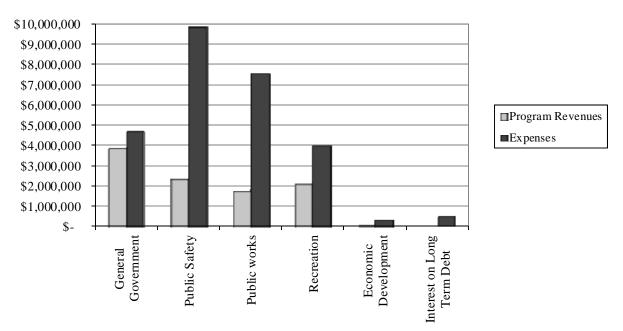
	Governmen	ntal Acvtivi	ties]	Business-T	ype Act	ivities	Т	otal	
	2013	201			2013		2012	2013		2012
REVENUES:							·			
Program Revenues:										
Charges for Services	\$ 7,468	\$	7,574	\$	4,725	\$	5,170	\$ 12,193	\$	12,744
Operating Grants and										
Contributions	1,894		2,107		-		-	1,894		2,107
Capital Grants and										
Contributions	689		1,479		8		349	697		1,828
General Revenues:										
Property Taxes	15,796	1	5,003		-		-	15,796		15,003
Other Taxes	114		114		-		-	114		114
Other	297		558		53		424	350		982
Total Revenues	26,258	2	6,835		4,786		5,943	 31,044		32,778
EXPENSES:										
General Government	4,705		4,603		-		-	4,705		4,603
Public Safety	9,868		9,431		-		-	9,868		9,431
Public Works	7,578		7,083		-		-	7,578		7,083
Culture and Recreation	4,021		3,818		-		-	4,021		3,818
Economic Development	339		152		-		-	339		152
Interest on Long-Term Debt	574		587		-		-	574		587
Sewer	-		-		4,097		3,926	4,097		3,926
Storm					1,641		1,446	 1,641		1,446
Total Expenses	27,085	2	5,674		5,738		5,372	 32,823		31,046
Increase (Decrease in Net	(0.05)				(0.50)			(1.550)		1.500
Position before Transfers	(827)		1,161		(952)		571	(1,779)		1,732
Transfers	162		100		(162)		(100)	 		
Change in Net Position	(665)		1,261		(1,114)		471	(1,779)		1,732
NET POSTION:										
January 1	159,928	15	8,667		97,479		97,008	257,407		255,675
December 31	\$ 159,263		9,928	\$	96,365	\$	97,479	\$ 255,628	\$	257,407
	,		,		- ,		,	 ,		,

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS December 31, 2013

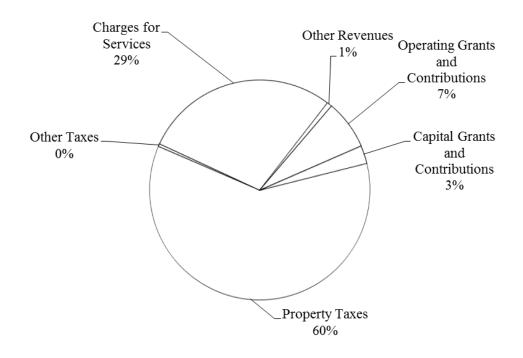
Governmental Activities

Governmental activities decreased the City's net position by \$ 664,825. The major decrease was a result of new positions added during 2013 as well as decreased revenues in park dedications fees, transit and special assessment payments partially offset by an increase in property tax revenue.

Expenses and Program Revenues – Governmental Activities



Revenues by Source – Governmental Activities



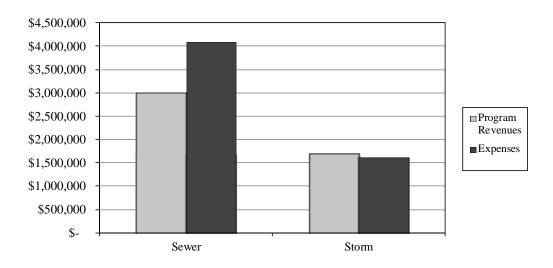
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS December 31, 2013

Business-Type Activities

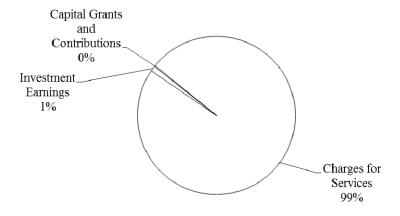
Business-type activities decreased the City's net position by \$ 1,113,742. Key elements of this decrease are as follows:

- Charges for services decreased \$ 445,104 as metro SAC charges decreased due to the city depleting its metro sac credits during 2013. The City also experienced decreased revenue collections due to decreased water consumption and usage. This was partially offset by an increase in storm trunk charges in 2013 due to additional industrial and residential development.
- Expenses increased in 2013 due to higher Met Council fees, which are anticipated to continue annually.
- The sewer and storm water activities will continue to experience a higher degree of expense, as the deferral of maintenance and increasing mandates will continue to put pressure on the funds, to meet the demands of on-going and future development needs.

Expenses and Program Revenues – Business-Type Activities



Revenues by Source – Business-Type Activities



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS December 31, 2013

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, assigned and unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a City's net resources available for spending at the end of the year.

As of the end of the current year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$ 27,702,197, a decrease of \$ 4,047,554 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 32.8%, (\$ 9,074,833), of the total amount constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the City's discretion. Approximately 21.6%, (\$ 5,984,566), of the total amount constitutes assigned fund balance, which is assigned for designated purposes. The remainder of fund balance, (\$ 12,642,798), is not available for new spending because it has already been restricted or is non-spendable.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current year, fund balance of the General Fund was \$9,092,989. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare fund balance (unassigned) to total fund expenditures. Fund balance represents 46.5% of total General Fund expenditures.

Fund balance of the City's General Fund decreased by \$429,852 during the current year. Key factors in this decrease consist of the following:

- Before transfers, the fund balance of the General Fund showed a \$ 3,329,998 increase. After the net transfer of \$ 3,760,000 and a gain on sales of assets of \$ 150, fund balance decreased \$ 429,852. Transfers provided the necessary funding for several significant capital infrastructure programs and projects, as well as funding for the growing Information Technology needs of the City
- Overall Revenues increased approximately \$ 1 Million as a result of increased property taxes. Additional licenses and permits and charges for services revenues increased due to increased growth and development during the year
- Overall expenditures increased approximately \$845,000 due to new positions added during 2013 and increased development related costs. The colder weather in 2013 impacted the expenditures specific to Public Works, as both personnel costs and operational costs for ice control, snow plowing and street maintenance were higher than the prior year
- Debt Service funds did not have specific levies for the 2013 budget year, and the transfers at year end provided a needed funding source for these funds, allowing for the cash coverage for future year bond payments

Fund balance of the 2004A Improvement Bonds fund decreased \$48,273 due to an additional year of payments on the bond partially offset by special assessment revenue and a transfer in from the General Fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS December 31, 2013

Fund balance of the Capital Improvements fund decreased \$ 2,927,806. The City paid for the following projects in 2013 from this fund:

- Valley View Road
- Vierling Drive and CSAH 17 Interchange
- Street Reconstruction Project
- Bituminous Overlay
- CR 101 Trail Extension
- Valley Park Business Center

Fund balance of the Nonmajor Governmental Funds decreased \$ 641,623 as a result of annual debt service payments.

Proprietary funds

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the enterprise funds (expressed in thousands):

	 Sewer	 Storm
Beginning of Year Change During Year	\$ 16,787 (1,140)	\$ 16,456 (1,082)
End of Year	\$ 15,647	\$ 15,374

The City has undertaken several new development projects, beginning in 2013 and continuing into 2014, which will expand both the collections of revenues for connection fees and charges for services. The capital assets of the projects will increase the capital assets of these funds, as well as the offsetting future year depreciation charges. A portion of these projects are funded through special assessments, but a significant portion of this is funded through the anticipated future revenues collected for services.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The original legally adopted budget for expenditures was \$20,485,712 and transfers out were budgeted at \$860,000 with no budget adjustments. Actual expenditures of \$19,539,401 were \$946,311 under budget. The variance was a result of several unique events, including higher than anticipated position turnover and the accompanying lag in replacement hiring time and lower than anticipated commodity costs. Additionally City staff continued a trend of conservative spending. The City was diligent in obtaining many of the services and supplies originally budgeted for the year at a lower than anticipated cost, such as training and training related costs, building maintenance costs and limited use of the contingency funds which provide for unplanned events or occurrences. Additional transfers out over budget are under taken annually. This is to comply with the City's established fund balance policy. At the end of 2013 following transfers the city maintained a fund balance percentage of 46.5%.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS December 31, 2013

The original and final adopted budgets for revenues were \$ 21,254,850 and transfers in were \$ 150,000. Actual revenues of \$ 22,869,399 were \$ 1,614,549 over budget. This was a result of an increase in collection of property taxes. Additionally increases in development and building resulting in both licenses and permits and charges for services to come in over budget. The revenue received from the Electric and Water utility, component units, is recorded as a Charge for Service, were over budget as a result of conservative budgeting as the amounts can fluctuate from year to year based on usage.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of December 31, 2013, amounts to \$ 195,472,990 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and systems, improvement, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, highways and bridges.

In the near future, the impact of planned business, commercial and residential expansions will impact the type and funding of capital projects, as the economy in the area is experiencing upward and steady growth and will impact planning and construction of roads, trails, parks and traffic flows and management.

CAPITAL ASSETS (Net of Depreciation) Expressed in Thousands

	(Government	al Ac	tivities	Βυ	ısiness-T	Туре А	Activities	To	otal	
		2013		2012	2	2013		2012	2013		2012
Land	\$	20,022	\$	20,023	\$	3,784	\$	3,944	\$ 23,806	\$	23,967
ROW		-		-		448		75	448		75
Construction in Progress		3,500		3,841		1,582		1,289	5,082		5,130
Line Rights		-		-		866		891	866		891
Infrastructure		73,101		73,708	5	57,023		56,597	130,124		130,305
Buildings		26,682		24,634		-		-	26,682		24,634
Machinery and Equipment		6,987		7,181		1,478		1,329	8,465		8,510
		_		_					 		
Total	\$	130,292	\$	129,387	\$ 6	55,181	\$	64,125	\$ 195,473	\$	193,512

Major capital assets events during the current year included the following:

- Riverside fields shelter/warming facility and outdoor ice rink
- Valley Park Business Center improvements relating to streets, trails, storm drainage, sanitary sewer and watermains
- Reconstruction of streets, sanitary sewer, storm sewer and watermains on Harrison Street, Van Buren Street, Jackson Street, Tyler Street, 12th Avenue and Atwood Street.
- Several bituminous overlay projects were also undertaken in the community, to maintain the infrastructure of the system

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS December 31, 2013

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 6 on pages 58 to 60 of this report.

In 2013, several projects that were "in progress" were continued and completed, as these projects often involved the coordination with County, State and Federal entities. The status of these projects is highly dependent on weather and the funding and staffing of cooperating entities, and will often impact the ability of the City to complete these projects in the anticipated year.

Long-Term Debt

At the end of the current year, the City had total bonded debt outstanding of \$ 16,990,000. Of this amount, \$ 5,000,000 comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the government and \$ 11,990,000 is special assessment debt for which the government is liable in the event of default by the property owners subject to the assessment.

Outstanding Debt G.O. and Revenue Bonds Expressed in Thousands

	Go	overnment	al Ac	tivities
		2013		2012
G.O. Bonds	\$	5,000	\$	5,460
Special Assessment Debt with				
Governmental Commitment		11,990		13,600
Total	\$	16,990	\$	19,060

The City's total bonded debt decreased by \$2,070,000 during the current year.

Minnesota Statutes limit the amount of general obligation (G.O.) debt a government entity may issue to a net figure of 3% of the taxable market value. The current legal debt margin for the City is \$82 million, which is significantly in excess of the City's outstanding G.O. debt.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 on pages 60-63 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS December 31, 2013

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The unemployment rate for the state continued to decrease to a year-end level of 4.6%.

The City is currently experiencing the construction and development of several new commercial business sites that were initiated in 2012 and 2013. These companies such as Emerson Rosemount, Shutterfly and improvements at sites such as Valleyfair and Canterbury Park are expanding and enhancing the economic tax base as well as the employment options in the community. These business ventures will bring not only a strong base of varied jobs to the area but enhanced tax base for the recently developed commercial and industrial sites.

The City is also experiencing interest from unique business entities such as a craft brewing site and new retail businesses that are considering Shakopee as a favorable site due to increased economic activity and expanded retail sale activity

During the current year, the unassigned fund balance in the General Fund was \$ 9,076,549. This can be similarly compared to the unassigned fund balance of 2012 of \$ 9,503,652. The City continues to maintain a strong financial position as the economic climate and the economic diversification of the region and the state continue to improve.

The general tax levy for 2013/2014 is increased to \$15,793,220, in comparison to the prior year amount of \$15,333,223. This levy was increase to provide needed funding for newly created city positions to provide a broader base of services through engineering and public works. The levy also provided increased funding for the infrastructure needs through the capital improvement fund. Historically only 30 % of some of the project costs are funded through special assessments which will require a firm commitment of the Council to provide needed resources for maintenance, improvements and additions to the existing infrastructure.

City staff continues to refine and coordinate multi-department development related activities. This is done through review of fees, charges, consistent practices and detailed discussions specific to each development review. As staff continues to refine these practices the achieved outcome will be to provide a higher level of positive customer and development satisfaction.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general view of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Finance Director, 129 Holmes St. S., Shakopee, Minnesota, 55379.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSTION December 31, 2013

	G	overnmental Activities	В	usiness-Type Activities		Total	Co	mpopont Unit
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		Activities		Activities	_	10141		mponent Unit
Assets Cash and Investments (Including Cash Equivalents)	\$	41,371,695	\$	31,004,579	\$	72,376,274	\$	25,510,450
Cash with Fiscal Agent		4,789,675		· · · · -		4,789,675		-
Restricted Cash and Investments		-		-		-		10,180,925
Property Tax Receivable		293,025		-		293,025		-
Accounts Receivable (Net of Allowance for								
Uncollectible Accounts)		856,672		61		856,733		3,281,175
Interest Receivable		176,554		129,431		305,985		27,814
Due From Other Governments		392,602		461,350		853,952		179,970
Special Assessments Receivable		3,821,672		157,540		3,979,212		1 001 406
Inventories Prepaid Expenses		16,440		-		16,440		1,001,496 64,552
Notes Receivable		95,000		-		95,000		04,332
Electric Plant Acquisition (Net of Accumulated		93,000		-		93,000		-
Amortization)		_		_		_		175,960
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated								173,700
Depreciation (Where Applicable):								
Land and Land Improvements		20,022,040		3,784,003		23,806,043		5,097,532
Right of Way		-		447,746		447,746		-
Construction in Progress		3,499,929		1,582,443		5,082,372		882,577
Line Rights		-		866,276		866,276		-
Infrastructure		73,100,366		57,022,789		130,123,155		-
Plant in Service		-		-		-		66,485,870
Buildings		26,682,062		-		26,682,062		-
Machinery and Equipment		6,987,128		1,478,208		8,465,336		
Total Assets	\$	182,104,860	\$	96,934,426	\$	279,039,286	\$	112,888,321
Deferred Outflows of Resources								
Deferral on Refunding		-		-		-		228,740
		100 101010	_			•=• •••		
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	182,104,860	\$	96,934,426	\$	279,039,286	\$	113,117,061
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION								
Liabilities								
Accounts and Contracts Payable	\$	1,579,543	\$	371,435	\$	1,950,978	\$	3,262,879
Other Current Liabilities		-		-		-		262,220
Due to Other Governments		674,681		70,057		744,738		505,225
Salaries and Benefits Payable		556,556		-		556,556		-
Deposits Payable		-		-		-		1,119,669
Interest Payable		232,300		-		232,300		164,628
Unearned Revenue		-		-		-		2,543
Customer Advances		-		-		-		420,955
Bond Principal Payable, Net:		2.160.000				2.160.000		200,000
Payable Within One Year Payable After One Year		3,160,000 13,830,000		-		3,160,000 13,830,000		380,000 8,755,838
Compensated Absences Payable:		13,830,000		-		13,830,000		0,733,030
Payable Within One Year		806,606		34,146		840,752		_
Payable After One Year		985,853		41,733		1,027,586		_
Net Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) Obligation		1,016,115		51,686		1,067,801		_
Total Liabilities		22,841,654		569,057		23,410,711		14,873,957
27 - 70 - 14								
Net Position		110 166 505		c5 101 4c5		102 247 000		62 455 206
Net Investment in Capital Assets		118,166,525		65,181,465		183,347,990		63,457,396
Restricted for:		(05 (71				(05 (71		
Economic Development		685,671		-		685,671		-
Cable PEG Fees Transit		54,499		-		54,499		-
Forfeiture		941,469 180,696		-		941,469		-
Debt Service		6,714,875		-		180,696 6.714.875		-
Component Units		0,714,073		- -		6,714,875		8,796,628
Capital Improvements		1,877,028		-		1,877,028		-
Unrestricted		30,642,443		31,183,904		61,826,347		25,989,080
Total Net Position	_	159,263,206		96,365,369		255,628,575		98,243,104
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$	182,104,860	\$	96,934,426	\$	279,039,286	\$	113,117,061
		, - ,		,,		, <u>j=~~</u>		, .,~~~

CITY OF SHAKOPEE

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

			Program Revenues			Net (Expen and Changes	Net (Expense) Revenues and Changes in Net Position	
	ţ	Charges for	Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type		
Functions/Programs Covernmental Activities	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	Component Units
Governmental Activities	230 405 4	TVV TVO 6 9	000 11000	9	(007 3/00)	5	007 300)	÷
General Government Duklic Safatt	9 4,704,930	o –		6	5	6	į,	9
rubiic salety	7,000,102	700,007	023,000		(401,545,139)	•	(401,040,109)	1
Public Works	1,5 / 8,495	082,280	398,903	089,474	(2,801,880)		(2,801,880)	
Culture and Recreation	4,020,974	2,012,436	48,598	•	(1,959,940)	•	(1,959,940)	
Economic Development	338,907	18,000	11,458		(309,449)	1	(309,449)	1
Interest on Long-Term Debt	573,949	1	1	•	(573,949)	•	(573,949)	
Total Governmental Activities	27,085,981	7,468,044	1,894,436	689,424	(17,034,077)	1	(17,034,077)	
Business-Tyma Argivities								
Sewer	4 096 504	3 004 826	,	7 359	,	(1 084 319)	(1 084 319)	,
Storm Drainage	1.641.438	1.720,653	•	421	•	79.636	79.636	•
Total Business-Type Activities	5,737,942	4,725,479		7,780	1	(1,004,683)	(1,004,683)	1
Total Primary Government	\$ 32,823,923	\$ 12,193,523	\$ 1,894,436	\$ 697,204	(17,034,077)	(1,004,683)	(18,038,760)	1
Component Unit - SPUC								
Electric	\$ 37,624,206	\$ 40,983,517	· •	\$ 128,334	1	1	ı	3,487,645
Water	4,486,565	4,801,969	•			1	•	2,597,004
Total Component Unit	\$ 42,110,771	\$ 45,785,486	· •	\$ 2,409,934	1	1	1	6,084,649
	General Revenues	ş						
	Property Taxes	S			15,795,777	•	15,795,777	1
	Tax Increments	S			113,796	1	113,796	1
	Unrestricted Ir	Unrestricted Investment Earnings			40,589	53,431	94,020	55,522
	Gain on Sale of Asset	of Asset			256,600	1	256,600	1
	Transfers				162,490	(162,490)	•	•
	Total Gene	Total General Revenues and Transfers	ransfers		16,369,252	(109,059)	16,260,193	55,522
	Change in Net Position	sition			(664,825)	(1,113,742)	(1,778,567)	6,140,171
	Net Position - Beginning	ginning			159,928,031	97,479,111	257,407,142	92,414,711
	Change in Accounting Principles	nting Principles			1 000 000 000	1 11 007	- 000	(311,778)
	Net Assets - Begii	Net Assets - Beginning, As Kestated			159,928,031	97,479,111	257,407,142	92,102,933
	Net Position - Ending	ding			\$ 159,263,206	\$ 96,365,369	\$ 255,628,575	\$ 98,243,104

The Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2013

		Debt Service	Capital Project		
	General Fund	2004A Improvement Bonds	Capital Improvements	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS	A 0.507.010	A 272.120	A	ф. п .п.оо	A 24 222 07 5
Cash and Investments	\$ 9,627,212	\$ 273,139	\$ 6,657,525	\$ 7,676,000	\$ 24,233,876
Cash with a Fiscal Agent	-	1,135,000	-	3,654,675	4,789,675
Delinquent Taxes Receivable	290,507	-	-	2,518	293,025
Special Assessments Receivable:	4.440		121	17.044	22 522
Delinquent	4,448	1.760.270	131	17,944	22,523
Deferred	41,895	1,760,379	644,050	1,352,825	3,799,149
Accounts Receivable	287,333	722	180,039	389,300	856,672
Interest Receivable	50,484	733	18,426	30,754	100,397
Due from Other Funds	204.277	-	623	75,325	75,948
Due From Other Governments	384,277	-	-	8,325	392,602
Prepaid Items	16,440				16,440
Total Assets	\$ 10,702,596	\$ 3,169,251	\$ 7,500,794	\$ 13,207,666	\$ 34,580,307
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities					
Accounts Payable	\$ 428,021	\$ -	\$ 456,207	\$ 181,821	\$ 1,066,049
Contracts Payable	-	-	346,505	43,674	390,179
Due to Other Funds	-	-	-	75,948	75,948
Due to Other Governments	288,180	-	300,232	86,269	674,681
Salaries and Benefits Payable	556,556	-	-	-	556,556
Total Liabilities	1,272,757		1,102,944	387,712	2,763,413
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	290,507	-	-	2,518	293,025
Unavailable Revenue - Special Assessments	46,343	1,760,379	644,181	1,370,769	3,821,672
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	336,850	1,760,379	644,181	1,373,287	4,114,697
Fund Balances					
Nonspendable	16,440	_	_	_	16,440
Restricted	-	1,408,872	_	11,217,486	12,626,358
Assigned	-	-	5,753,669	230,897	5,984,566
Unassigned	9,076,549	-	-	(1,716)	9,074,833
Total Fund Balances	9,092,989	1,408,872	5,753,669	11,446,667	27,702,197
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows					
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 10,702,596	\$ 3,169,251	\$ 7,500,794	\$ 13,207,666	\$ 34,580,307

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2013

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 27,702,197
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds. Cost of Capital Assets Less Accumulated Depreciation	164,028,415 (66,075,442)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of: Bond Principal Payable Net OPEB Obligation	(16,990,000) (1,016,115)
Delinquent property taxes and assessments receivable will be collected this year, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds. Property Taxes Special Assessments	293,025 22,523
Deferred special assessments receivable are not available to pay for current expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds. Deferred Special Assessments	3,799,149
Governmental funds do not report a liability for accrued interest due and payable.	(232,300)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of equipment, buildings, park assets and employee benefits to individual funds. A portion of the assets and liabilities of those funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.	47,731,754

The Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

Total Net Position - Governmental Activities

\$ 159,263,206

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

REVENUES	General Fund	Debt Service 2004A Improvement Bonds	Capital Projects Capital Improvements	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Property Taxes	\$15,587,147	\$ -	\$ -	150,616	\$ 15,737,763
Tax Increment	\$13,367,147	J -	Ф -	113.797	113,797
Special Assessments	10,990	199,409	294,727	425,205	930,331
Licenses and Permits	1,443,885	199,409	294,121	906,060	2,349,945
Intergovernmental	1,042,127	-	-	815,676	1,857,803
Charges for Services	4,304,786	_		278,765	4,583,551
Fines and Forfeitures	348,262	_		33,208	381,470
Miscellaneous	132,202	(3,403)	19,307	41,611	189,717
Total Revenues	22,869,399	196,006	314,034	2,764,938	26,144,377
Total Revenues	22,809,399	190,000	314,034	2,704,938	20,144,377
EXPENDITURES Current					
	2 220 067			1 175 505	4 405 662
General Government	3,320,067	-	-	1,175,595	4,495,662
Public Safety	9,677,697	-	-	53,710	9,731,407
Public Works	2,631,154	-	-	1 200	2,631,154
Culture and Recreation	3,769,778	-	-	1,290	3,771,068
Economic Development	-	-	-	340,904	340,904
Debt Service		200,000		1 700 000	2.070.000
Principal	-	280,000	-	1,790,000	2,070,000
Interest and Other Charges	140.705	64,279	5.004.052	554,416	618,695
Capital Outlay	140,705		5,894,973	847,513	6,883,191
Total Expenditures	19,539,401	344,279	5,894,973	4,763,428	30,542,081
Excess of Revenues Over					
(Under) Expenditures	3,329,998	(148,273)	(5,580,939)	(1,998,490)	(4,397,704)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Asset	150	_	_	_	150
Transfers In	150,000	100,000	3,041,971	1,598,838	4,890,809
Transfers Out	(3,910,000)	-	(388,838)	(241,971)	(4,540,809)
Total Other Financing	(3,710,000)		(300,030)	(211,5/1)	(1,510,007)
Sources (Uses)	(3,759,850)	100,000	2,653,133	1,356,867	350,150
Net Change in Fund					
Balances	(429,852)	(48,273)	(2,927,806)	(641,623)	(4,047,554)
FUND BALANCES Beginning of Year	9,522,841	1,457,145	8,681,475	12,088,290	31,749,751
End of Year	\$ 9,092,989	\$ 1,408,872	\$ 5,753,669	\$ 11,446,667	\$ 27,702,197

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ (4,047,554)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are	
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.	
Capital Outlays	6,477,446
Depreciation Expense	(4,516,666)
Loss on Disposal of Fixed Assets	(1,000)
Principal payments on long-term debt are recognized as expenditures in the	
governmental funds but as an increase in the net position in the Statement of Activities.	2,070,000
Interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount	
reported in the governmental funds because interest is recognized as an expenditure	
in the funds when it is due and thus requires use of current financial resources.	
In the Statement of Activities, however, interest expense is recognized as	
the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.	44,746
Certain revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	
Special Assessments Delinquent	(2,171)
Special Assessments Deferred	(238,736)
OPEB obligations are recognized when paid in the government funds but recognized	
when incurred in the Statement of Activities	(171,785)
Delinquent and deferred receivables will be collected this year, but are not	
available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and, therefore, are not revenues in the funds.	58,014
	2 2,0 = 1
Capital assets transferred from proprietary funds to governmental funds	12,490
Capital assets transferred from internal service funds to governmental funds	150,752
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities such as buildings, equipment, park assets and employee benefits to	(500.261)
individual funds. (See Note 2.B.)	(500,361)
Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ (664,825)

The Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

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STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

	Original and	Actual	Variance with Final Budget -
REVENUES	Final Budget	Amounts	Over (Under)
Property Taxes	\$ 14,579,000	\$ 15,587,147	\$ 1,008,147
Special Assessments	11,000	10,990	(10)
Licenses and Permits	1,316,700	1,443,885	127,185
Intergovernmental	755,500	1,042,127	286,627
Charges for Services	3,852,150	4,304,786	452,636
Fines and Forfeitures	425,000	348,262	(76,738)
Miscellaneous Revenues:	123,000	3 10,202	(10,130)
Investment Income	225,000	(31,609)	(256,609)
Contributions and Donations	4,000	18,134	14,134
Rents	-	8,409	8,409
Other	86,500	137,268	50,768
Total Revenues	21,254,850	22,869,399	1,614,549
EXPENDITURES			
Current	2 602 765	2 220 067	(202 (00)
General Government	3,603,765	3,320,067	(283,698)
Public Safety Public Works	9,913,889	9,677,697	(236,192)
Parks and Recreation	2,883,328	2,631,154	(252,174)
	4,084,730	3,769,778	(314,952)
Capital Outlay General Government		20.424	20.424
	-	29,434	29,434
Public Safety Public Works	-	87,613 9,925	87,613
Park and Recreation	-		9,925 13,733
	20 495 712	13,733	
Total Expenditures	20,485,712	19,539,401	(946,311)
Excess of Revenues Over			
(Under) Expenditures	769,138	3,329,998	2,560,860
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Asset	_	150	150
Transfers In	150,000	150,000	-
Transfers Out	(860,000)	(3,910,000)	(3,050,000)
Total Other Financing Sources			
(Uses)	(710,000)	(3,759,850)	(3,049,850)
Net Change in French Dalances	¢ 50.120	(420, 952)	¢ (400,000)
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 59,138	(429,852)	\$ (488,990)
FUND BALANCES			
Beginning of Year		9,522,841	
End of Year		\$ 9,092,989	

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS December 31, 2013

	Business-Ty	erprise Funds		
	Sewer	Storm Drainage	Total	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
ASSETS				
Current Assets				
Cash and Investments, Including Cash Equivalents	\$ 15,549,970	\$ 15,291,589	\$ 30,841,559	\$ 17,300,839
Accounts Receivable	-	61	61	-
Interest Receivable	64,778	64,653	129,431	76,157
Special Assessment Receivable:	47 722	10	47.740	
Delinquent Deferred	47,723 109,704	19 94	47,742	-
Notes Receivable, Current	109,704	94	109,798	95,000
Due from Other Governments	328,174	133,176	461,350	93,000
Total Current Assets	16,100,349	15,489,592	31,589,941	17,471,996
Total Cultent Assets	10,100,547	13,407,372	31,307,741	17,471,220
Noncurrent Assets				
Capital Assets:				
Land	4,500	3,779,503	3,784,003	-
Right of Way	-	447,746	447,746	-
Construction in Progress	303,486	1,278,957	1,582,443	-
Line Rights	1,368,569	-	1,368,569	-
Infrastructure	38,693,101	38,650,219	77,343,320	2,923,925
Buildings	-	-	-	34,548,576
Machinery and Equipment	1,832,385	982,273	2,814,658	12,433,189
Total Cost	42,202,041	45,138,698	87,340,739	49,905,690
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(11,364,153)	(10,795,121)	(22,159,274)	(17,567,138)
Net Capital Assets	30,837,888	34,343,577	65,181,465	32,338,552
Total Assets	\$ 46,938,237	\$ 49,833,169	\$ 96,771,406	\$ 49,810,548
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION				
Current Liabilities	\$ 320,843	\$ 36,799	\$ 357,642	102 215
Accounts Payable Contracts Payable	\$ 320,843	13,793	\$ 357,642 13,793	123,315
Due to Other Governments	52,692	17,365	70,057	-
Current Compensated Absences	24,177	9,969	34,146	806,606
Current Compensated Absences	24,177	9,909	34,140	800,000
Total Current Liabilities	397,712	77,926	475,638	929,921
Noncurrent Liabilities				
Compensated Absences	29,549	12,184	41,733	985,853
Net OPEB Obligation	25,843	25,843	51,686	-
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	55,392	38,027	93,419	985,853
Total Liabilities	453,104	115,953	569,057	1,915,774
Net Position				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	30,837,888	34,343,577	65,181,465	32,338,552
Unrestricted	15,647,245	15,373,639	31,020,884	15,556,222
Total Net Position	46,485,133	49,717,216	96,202,349	47,894,774
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ 46,938,237	\$ 49,833,169		\$ 49,810,548
	<u> </u>	-		
Adjustment to Reflect the Consolidation of Internal Service Fund Activity Related to Enterprise Funds (See Note 2c)			163,020	
Total Business-Type Activities Net Position			\$ 96,365,369	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

	Business-7			
	Sewer	Storm Drainage	Total	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
OPERATING REVENUES				
Charges for Services	\$ 2,973,474	\$ 1,047,160	\$ 4,020,634	\$ -
Rental Charges	-	-	-	2,016,943
Other Charges	2.072.474	1.047.160	4 020 624	2,497
Total Operating Revenues	2,973,474	1,047,160	4,020,634	2,019,440
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Salaries and Benefits	260,310	459,048	719,358	48,955
Depreciation	732,940	695,761	1,428,701	1,897,336
Professional Services	97,192	57,031	154,223	41,593
Sewer Disposal Charges	2,800,405	-	2,800,405	-
Repairs and Maintenance	51,086	258,808	309,894	67,451
Materials and Supplies	27,392	67,091	94,483	360,109
Rent	38,610	44,228	82,838	-
Insurance	25,924	22,178	48,102	-
Utilities	88,547	792	89,339	-
Total Operating Expenses	4,122,406	1,604,937	5,727,343	2,415,444
Operating Loss	(1,148,932)	(557,777)	(1,706,709)	(396,004)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Investment Income	22,679	30,750	53,429	40,582
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Asset	-	(62,403)		256,450
Capital Asset Transfer	-	(12,490)		(150,752)
Other Income	31,352	673,495	704,847	1,167
Total Nanamaratina Davanuas				
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	54,031	629,352	683,383	147,447
(Expenses)	34,031	029,332	000,300	147,447
Income before Capital				
Contributions and Transfers	(1,094,901)	71,575	(1,023,326)	(248,557)
Canital Contributions	7,359	421	7,780	
Capital Contributions Transfers In	1,339	421	7,760	250,000
Transfers Out	(75,000)	(75,000)	(150,000)	(450,000)
Transfers out	(75,000)	(75,000)	(120,000)	(130,000)
Change in Net Position	(1,162,542)	(3,004)	(1,165,546)	(448,557)
NET POSITION				
Beginning of Year	47,647,675	49,720,220	97,367,895	48,343,331
End of Year	\$ 46,485,133	\$ 49,717,216	\$ 96,202,349	\$ 47,894,774
Adjustment to Reflect the Consolidation of Internal Fund Activity Related to Enterprise Funds (See No.	51,804			
Change in Net Position - Business-Type Activiti	es		\$ (1,113,742)	
2 domest Type Heavill	- (-,110,7,12)			

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

	Business-Ty			
		Storm		Governmental Activities - Internal
	Sewer	Drainage	Total	Service Funds
CASH FLOWS - OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Ф. 2.207.762	ф. 1 225 202	ф. 4.722.064	ф. 2 010 110
Receipts from Customers and Users Payments to Suppliers	\$ 3,397,762 (3,279,070)	\$ 1,335,302 (423,950)	\$ 4,733,064 (3,703,020)	\$ 2,019,440 (543,019)
Payments to Suppliers Payments to Employees	(252,613)	(452,313)	(704,926)	917
Net Cash Flows - Operating	(222,000)	(102,010)	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
Activities	(133,921)	459,039	325,118	1,477,338
CASH FLOWS - NONCAPITAL				
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Transfer from Other Funds	-	-	-	250,000
Transfer to Other Funds	(75,000)	(75,000)	(150,000)	(450,000)
Net Cash Flows - Noncapital	(75,000)	(75,000)	(150,000)	(200,000)
Financing Activities	(75,000)	(75,000)	(150,000)	(200,000)
CASH FLOWS - CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Trunk Charges	31,352	673,495	704,847	1,167
Capital Related Special Assessments Proceeds from Disposal of Capital Assets	4,481	643	5,124	341,400
Acquisition of Capital Assets	(710,299)	(1,850,170)	(2,560,469)	(914,773)
Net Cash Flows - Capital and				
Related Financing Activities	(674,466)	(1,176,032)	(1,850,498)	(572,206)
CASH FLOWS - INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Payment Received for Notes Receivable	-	-	-	95,000
Interest Received	29,389	35,747	65,136	37,423
Net Cash Flows - Investing				
Activities	29,389	35,747	65,136	132,423
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(853,998)	(756,246)	(1,610,244)	837,555
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS				
Beginning of Year	16,403,968	16,047,835	32,451,803	16,463,284
End of Year	\$ 15,549,970	\$ 15,291,589	\$ 30,841,559	\$ 17,300,839
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING				
INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH				
FLOWS - OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (1,148,932)	\$ (557,777)	\$ (1,706,709)	\$ (396,004)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating	\$ (1,140,732)	\$ (331,111)	\$ (1,700,707)	\$ (370,004)
Income (Loss) to Net Cash				
Flows - Operating Activities:				
Depreciation Expense	732,940	695,761	1,428,701	1,897,336
Changes in: Accounts Receivable	_	(61)	(61)	_
Due from Other Governments	424,288	288,203	712,491	-
Due to Other Governments	(452,634)	1,492	(451,142)	(4,011)
Accounts and Contracts Payable	302,720	24,686	327,406	(69,855)
Compensated Absences Payable	3,669	2,707	6,376	49,872
Net OPEB Obligation	4,028	4,028	8,056	
Total Adjustments	1,015,011	1,016,816	2,031,827	1,873,342
Net Cash Flows - Operating	¢ (122.021)	¢ 450.020	¢ 205.110	¢ 1.477.220
Activities	\$ (133,921)	\$ 459,039	\$ 325,118	\$ 1,477,338
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND				
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Transfer of Capital Assets	\$ -	\$ (12,490)	\$ (12,490)	\$ (150,752)

COMBINED STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION December 31, 2013

	To	otal Agency Funds
ASSETS	·	_
Current		
Cash and Investments	\$	2,507,391
Interest Receivable		2,763
Due from Other Governments		41,155
Total Assets	\$	2,551,309
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	\$	588,530
Deposits Payable		1,948,303
Due to Other Governments		14,476
Total Liabilities	\$	2,551,309

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - COMPONENT UNIT - SPUC December 31, 2013

	Electric	Water	Total
ASSETS			
Current Assets	Ф 20 001 442	¢ 4.530.007	Ф. 25 510 450
Cash and Investments	\$ 20,981,443	\$ 4,529,007	\$ 25,510,450
Restricted Assets:	512,961		512,961
Sinking Account Accrued Interest Receivable	20,947	6,867	27,814
Customer Accounts Receivable	2,997,870	256,832	3,254,702
Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts	(34,312)	(7,579)	(41,891)
Other Accounts Receivable	51,981	16,383	68,364
Due from City of Shakopee	54,323	125,647	179,970
Inventory	966,794	34,702	1,001,496
Prepaid Expenses	48,414	16,138	64,552
Total Current Assets	25,600,421	4,977,997	30,578,418
Noncurrent Assets			
Restricted Assets:			
Customer Deposits Account	1,108,865	10,804	1,119,669
Connection Account	-	8,118,269	8,118,269
Water Reconstruction Account	-	330,026	330,026
Emergency Repairs Account	100,000	-	100,000
Capital Assets:			
Plant in Service	54,369,897	48,350,704	102,720,601
Accumulated Depreciation	(17,445,546)	(13,691,653)	(31,137,199)
Construction in Progress	795,711	86,866	882,577
Other Assets:	4== 0.40		
Electric Plant Acquisition, Net	175,960	- 42.207.015	175,960
Total Noncurrent Assets	39,104,887	43,205,016	82,309,903
Total Assets	64,705,308	48,183,013	112,888,321
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Deferral on Refunding	228,740	-	228,740
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 64,934,048	\$ 48,183,013	\$ 113,117,061
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts Payable	\$ 2,982,930	\$ 279,949	\$ 3,262,879
Due to City of Shakopee	432,709	72,516	505,225
Other Current Liabilities	177,365	84,855	262,220
Total Current Liabilities	3,593,004	437,320	4,030,324
Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets			
Current Portion of Revenue Bonds	380,000	-	380,000
Accrued Interest Payable	164,628	-	164,628
Customer Deposits	1,108,865	10,804	1,119,669
Total Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets	1,653,493	10,804	1,664,297
Noncurrent Liabilities			
Revenue Bonds	8,815,000	-	8,815,000
Unamortized Bond Discount	(59,162)	-	(59,162)
Unearned Revenues	2,543	-	2,543
Customer Advances	332,449	88,506	420,955
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	9,090,830	88,506	9,179,336
Total Liabilities	14,337,327	536,630	14,873,957
Net Position			
Investment in Capital Assets	28,711,479	34,745,917	63,457,396
Restricted for Debt Service	348,333	-	348,333
Restricted for Connections & Reconstruction	-	8,448,295	8,448,295
Unrestricted	21,536,909	4,452,171	25,989,080
Total Net Position	50,596,721	47,646,383	98,243,104
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ 64,934,048	\$ 48,183,013	\$ 113,117,061

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - COMPONENT UNIT - SPUC For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

	Electric	Water	Total
Operating Revenues	\$ 40,721,561	\$ 4,683,461	\$ 45,405,022
Operating Expenses	35,228,261	3,485,839	38,714,100
Operating Income	5,493,300	1,197,622	6,690,922
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Rentals and Miscellaneous	171,956	118,508	290,464
Interdepartmental Rent from Water	90,000	-	90,000
Investment Income	44,541	10,981	55,522
Interest Expense	(427,900)	(2,513)	(430,413)
Amortization of Debt Issuance Costs and			
Loss on Refunding	(720,911)	(61,140)	(782,051)
Gain(Loss) on Disposition of Property	1,537	-	1,537
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(840,777)	65,836	(774,941)
Income Before Contributions and Transfers	4,652,523	1,263,458	5,915,981
Capital Contributions	128,334	2,281,600	2,409,934
Transfers to Municipality	(1,248,671)	(937,073)	(2,185,744)
Change in Net Position	3,532,186	2,607,985	6,140,171
NET POSITION			
Beginning of Year	47,364,330	45,050,381	92,414,711
Change in Accounting Principle	(299,795)	(11,983)	(311,778)
Beginning of Year, as Restated	47,064,535	45,038,398	92,102,933
End of Year	\$ 50,596,721	\$ 47,646,383	\$ 98,243,104

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2013

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Shakopee is a statutory city governed by an elected mayor and four council members. The accompanying financial statements present the government entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable.

The financial statements present the City and its component units. The City includes all funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments and offices that are not legally separate from such. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the City are financially accountable and are included within the financial statements of the City because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the City.

The City is considered financially accountable for a component unit if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and it is able to impose its will on the organization by significantly influencing the programs, projects, activities or level of services performed or provided by the organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on, the City.

As a result of applying the component unit definition criteria above, certain organizations have been defined and are presented in this report as follows:

Blended Component Unit – Reported as if they were part of the City.

Discretely Presented Component Unit – Entails reporting the component unit financial data in statements separate from the financial date of the City.

Joint Ventures and Jointly Governed Organizations – The relationship of the City with the entity is disclosed.

For each of the categories above, the specific entities are identified as follows:

1. Blended Component Unit

The Shakopee Economic Development Authority (EDA) was organized to promote development, improve housing and reduce blighted areas in the City. It is included by reason of the City Council having final approval for Shakopee EDA actions and the Shakopee EDA Board being comprised entirely of City Council Members. City staff handles Shakopee EDA activity including Shakopee EDA funds and the City approves Shakopee EDA tax levies and bonding activity. Therefore, the City has financial oversight for Shakopee EDA activities. The City also has operational responsibility of the EDA.

The activity of the Shakopee EDA is shown in the Shakopee EDA Special Revenue Fund in the City's financial statements. No separate financial statements for the Shakopee EDA are issued. For any information desired beyond what is presented in this report, contact the Finance Director for the City of Shakopee at 129 Holmes Street South, Shakopee, Minnesota 55379-1351.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2013

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity (Continued)

2. Discretely Presented Component Unit

The electric and water utilities of the Shakopee Public Utilities Commission (SPUC) are self-supporting entities and collectively comprise separate enterprise funds of the City of Shakopee (the "City"). The utility provides electric and water operations to properties within the City as well as electric distribution to certain other areas outside of the City. The utility accounts for the costs of electric and water operations on a continuing basis and is managed by the SPUC. The SPUC Board consists of five members who serve three year consecutive terms. Separate financial statements are included in this report for the SPUC Funds to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City. The water and electric funds are presented as enterprise funds. The complete financial statements can be obtained from the Shakopee Public Utility Commission, 225 Sarazin Street, Shakopee, Minnesota 55379.

3. Joint Ventures and Jointly Governed Organizations

Local Government Information Systems

Local Government Information Systems (LOGIS) is a joint venture of approximately 44 governmental entities that provides computerized data processing and support services to its members. Legally separate, the City does not appoint a voting majority of the Board and LOGIS is fiscally independent of the City. During 2013, the City paid \$ 130,643 to LOGIS for services provided which is included in expenditures of the General Fund. Financial statements are available by contacting LOGIS, 5750 Duluth Street, Golden Valley, Minnesota 55422-4036.

Scott Joint Prosecution Association

Scott Joint Prosecution Association (SJPA) is a joint venture of approximately seven cities that provides legal prosecution and support services to its members. Legally separate, the City does not appoint a voting majority of the Board of Directors and the SJPA is fiscally independent of the City. During 2013, the City paid \$ 413,610 to the SJPA for services provided which is included in expenditures of the General Fund. Financial statements are available by contacting the SJPA, 200 Fourth Avenue West, Shakopee, Minnesota 55379.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2013

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity (Continued)

4. Other Organizations

Shakopee Volunteer Fire Department Relief Association

The Shakopee Volunteer Fire Department Relief Association (the "Association") is organized as a nonprofit organization, legally separate from the City, by its members to provide pensions and other benefits to such members in accordance with *Minnesota Statutes*. It is not a component unit of the City because the Board of Directors is appointed by the membership of the Association and not by the City Council. The financial oversight of the City is limited to approval authority for amending the Association bylaws when the change results in an increase in the pension benefit level requiring an increased City contribution. The Association has the authority to levy its own taxes for pensions and deficits and would continue to exist for its members if the City was dissolved. Because the Association is fiscally independent of the City, the financial statements of the Association have not been included within the City's reporting entity.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City. The fiduciary funds are only reported in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position at the fund financial statement level. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Interest on general long-term debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately in the Statement of Activities. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. Internally dedicated revenues are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The Escrow Agency Fund is presented in the fiduciary fund financial statements. Since, by definition, these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party (other local governments, private parties, etc.) and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the City, this Fund is not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2013

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The Agency Funds report only assets and liabilities and have no measurement focus, but do use the accrual basis of accounting to recognize receivables and payables.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses and interest associated with the current period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

Description of Funds:

Major Governmental Funds:

General Fund – This Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general City, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

2004A Improvement Bonds Debt Service Fund – This Fund accounts for resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on this bond issue.

Capital Improvements Capital Project Fund – This Fund accounts for the capital projects of the City not accounted for in separate capital funds.

Proprietary Funds:

Sewer Fund – This Fund accounts for operations of the City's sewer utility.

Storm Drainage Fund – This Fund accounts for the activities of the City's storm drainage utility.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2013

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Description of Funds: (Continued)

Internal Service Funds:

Equipment Fund – This Fund accounts for the City's acquisition of larger pieces of equipment.

Building Fund – This Fund accounts for the City's funds accumulated for construction, improvement or major repairs of major public buildings.

Park Assets Fund – This Fund accounts for the City's funds accumulated for the replacement of park assets.

Employee Benefits Fund – This Fund accounts for the City's funds accumulated for compensated absences and OPEB.

Information Technology – This Fund accounts for the City's funds accumulated for information technology resources.

The City's internal service funds are allocated between governmental and business-type activities and are combined, as allocated in Note 2, with the respective governmental activities and business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds:

Escrow Agency Fund – This Fund accounts for the monies held for specific purposes for individuals, private organizations, other government units and other funds. Escrows are held on behalf of builders and developers, for security deposits and police evidence deposits.

Southwest Metro Drug Task Force Agency Fund – This Fund accounts for the activity related to the task force held by the City in a strictly custodial capacity.

Component Unit Funds:

Electric Fund – This Fund accounts for the operations of the SPUC's electric utility.

Water Fund – This Fund accounts for the operations of the SPUC's water utility.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2013

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments, where the amounts are reasonably equivalent in value to the interfund services provided and other charges between the City's utility function and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and highly liquid debt instruments purchased with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Investments are stated at fair value.

Minnesota Statutes authorizes the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities, shares of investment companies whose only investments are in the aforementioned securities, obligations of the State of Minnesota or its municipalities, bankers' acceptances, future contracts, repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements and commercial paper of the highest quality with a maturity of no longer than 270 days and in the Minnesota Municipal Money Market Fund.

The Minnesota Municipal Money Market Fund is an external investment pool not registered with the Securities Exchange Commission (SEC) that follows the same regulatory rules of the SEC under Rule 2.a.7. The fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

The City's investment policy for all funds except the component units addresses custodial credit risk for deposits. The policy also addresses credit risk, interest rate risk, concentration of credit risk and custodial credit risk for investments. The City's component units also have a formal policy to address all of these risks except custodial credit risk for investments.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2013

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

1. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits: This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. *Minnesota Statutes* require all deposits be protected by federal deposit insurance, corporate surety bonds or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged must equal 110% of deposits not covered by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance or corporate surety bonds and letters of credit. The City and component unit's investment policies state deposits must be collateralized in order to comply with *Minnesota Statutes*.

Credit Risk: This is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. *Minnesota Statutes* 118A.04 and 188A.05 limit investments that are in the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The City's investment policy references *Minnesota Statutes* and further limits the types of investments that the City is allowed to invest in. The component unit's investment policy also defines suitable and authorized investments and related minimum ratings.

Interest Rate Risk: This is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City's policy states the investment portfolio shall be designed with the objective of attaining a market rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles, taking into account the investment risk constraints and liquidity needs. To the extent possible, the City shall attempt to match its investments in short-term operating funds with anticipated cash flow requirements. Unless matched to a specific cash flow, the City will not directly invest in securities maturing more than ten years from the date of purchase. Long-term funds shall not be invested in securities exceeding 10 years in modified duration, at time of purchase. The investment policy for the City's Electric and Water Enterprise Funds (Shakopee Public Utilities Commission) addresses this risk by requiring holding of securities to maturity (subject to certain exceptions) and limiting maturity constraints to a relatively short duration.

Concentration of Credit Risk: This is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an investment in a single issuer. According to the City's investment policy, the aggregate investment portfolio shall be diversified by:

- Limiting investments to avoid over concentration in securities from a specific issuer or business sector.
- Limiting investments in securities that have higher credit risks.
- Investing in securities with varying maturities.
- Continuously investing a portion of the portfolio in readily available funds, such as Local Government Investment Pools (LGIP), money market funds or repurchase agreements to ensure appropriate liquidity is maintained in order to meet ongoing obligations.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2013

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

1. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

- Having all investments, other than those in direct obligations or agencies of the United States, secured by collateral or repurchase agreements, shall not exceed 50% of the aggregate investment portfolio. Mortgage backed securities shall not exceed 35% of the aggregate investment portfolio, at the time of investment (i.e., commercial paper or bankers' acceptance).
- Limiting investments in any one corporation to 5% of the aggregate investment portfolio.

The investment policy for the City's Electric and Water Enterprise Funds (Shakopee Public Utilities Commission) defines suitable and authorized investments and related minimum ratings as well as application of prudent person standards in construction of portfolio management and diversification.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments: For an investment, this is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's investment policy states all securities purchased, including appropriate collateral, shall be placed with an independent third party for custodial safekeeping.

2. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the year are referred to as "advances to/from other funds". All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "interfund balances".

All trade and property tax receivables are shown at a gross amount since both are assessable to the property taxes and are collectible upon the sale of the property.

The City levies its property tax for the subsequent year during the month of December. December 28 is the last day the City can certify a tax levy to the County Auditor for collection the following year. Such taxes become a lien on January 1 and are recorded as receivables by the City at that date. The property tax is recorded as revenue when it becomes measurable and available. Scott County is the collecting agency for the levy and remits the collections to the City three times a year. The tax levy notice is mailed in March with the first half of the payment due on May 15 and the second half due on October 15. Taxes not collected as of December 31 each year are shown as delinquent taxes receivable.

The County Auditor prepares the tax list for all taxable property in the City, applying the applicable tax rate to the tax capacity of individual properties, to arrive at the actual tax for each property. The County Auditor also collects all special assessments, except for certain prepayments paid directly to the City.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2013

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

2. Receivables and Payables (Continued)

The County Auditor submits the list of taxes and special assessments to be collected on each parcel of property to the County Treasurer in January of each year.

3. Inventory, Prepaid Items and Other Assets

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid expenditures of governmental funds are reported using the consumption method and recorded as expenditures/expenses at the time of consumption.

Inventories of enterprise funds are valued at average cost using the first in, first out (FIFO) method. Inventory in the governmental funds is recorded as an expenditure when consumed rather than when purchased.

4. Restricted Assets

Certain cash and investments in the component units are classified as restricted. The Electric Fund has monies restricted for customer deposits and debt service. The Water Fund has monies restricted for water production and trunk distribution facility acquisition, based on trunk and connection fees collected from users, construction projects and debt service.

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City, excluding the component unit, as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$ 10,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Capital assets for the component unit are defined as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$ 1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2013

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

5. Capital Assets (Continued)

Property, plant and equipment of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Assets	Years
Buildings	30-50
Park Buildings	30
Building Improvements	25
Light Vehicles	4-10
Machinery and Equipment	4-20
Utility Distribution System	50-75
Infrastructure	30-50
Fire Trucks	20-25

6. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that time. The Component Unit only has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the statement of net position- component unit - SPUC. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position and fund financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City only has one type of item, which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet as unavailable revenue. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from two sources: property taxes and special assessments. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2013

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

7. Compensated Absences

Vacation and sick leave benefits are recorded as expenditures in the Employee Benefits Internal Service Fund and governmental funds when the obligations have matured and are expected to be liquidated with expendable financial resources. City employees earn vacation time based on years of City service. Employees who have 0 to 15 years of employment may accumulate no more than 240 hours. Employees who have 16 or more years of service may accumulate no more than 360 hours of vacation leave. Upon termination, employees will receive compensation for all unused vacation. Employees earn sick leave and may accumulate to a maximum of 960 hours. The City compensates employees who leave municipal service at the rate of 45% up to 15 years of service. After 15 years of service, employees who leave are compensated at the rate of 55% plus 2% for each year of service beyond 15 years up to 75% of unused sick leave.

8. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position. Enterprise fund bond premiums and discounts, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

9. Fund Equity

a. Classification

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Non-spendable fund balances include amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form. Amounts that are restricted to specific purposes either by a) constraints placed on the use of resources by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or b) imposed by law through enabling legislation are classified as restricted fund balances. Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by the City Council (highest level of decision making authority) through resolution are classified as committed fund balances. Amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed are classified as assigned fund balances. Assignments are made by the City's Finance Director based on the City Council's direction. Unassigned fund balance represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed or

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2013

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

9. Fund Equity (Continued)

a. Classification (Continued)

assigned to a specific purpose in the General Fund. The City's policy is to consider unrestricted fund balance to be spent by City Council action, appropriations or emergency situations.

The City applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

b. Minimum Fund Balance

The City's target General Fund balance is to maintain an unassigned level between 40% (minimum) and 45% of current year expenditures. This level is to provide working capital for cash flow, expected decline in revenues and unforeseen expenditures such as natural disasters. Replenishing fund balance when it falls below the target level shall be accomplished by interfund transfers or budgeting for expenditures and other uses to be less than revenues or other sources over a period not to exceed three years.

10. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows in the government-wide financial statements. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balance of any long-term debt used to build or acquire the capital assets. Net position is reported as restricted in the government-wide financial statement when there are limitations on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

11. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures/expense during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2013

NOTE 2 – RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. Explanation of Certain Differences between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position

The governmental fund Balance Sheet includes reconciliation between fund balance – total governmental funds and net position – governmental activities as reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of providing certain services for the City."

Net Position of the Internal Service Funds	\$ 47,894,774
Less Portion Loss Related to Business- Type Activities	\$ (163,020)
Net Adjusmtent to Increase Fund Balance- Total Governmental Funds to Arrive at Net Position- Governmental Activities	\$ 47,731,754

B. Explanation of Certain Differences between the Governmental Fund Statements of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-Wide Statement of Activities

Another element of that reconciliation states that "Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of providing various services for the City." The details of this difference are as follows:

Change in Net Position of the Internal Service Fund	\$ (448,557)
Less the Net of Indirect Revenues and Expense	\$ (51,804)
Net Adjustment to Decrease Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Government Funds to Arrive at Changes in Net position of	
Government Activities	\$ (500,361)

C. Explanation of Certain Differences between the Proprietary Fund Statements of Net Position and the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position

The proprietary fund Statement of Net Position includes reconciliation between net position – total enterprise funds and net position of business-type activities as reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. The description of the sole reconciliation is "adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds." The details of this \$ 163,020 are as follows:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2013

NOTE 2 – RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

C. Explanation of Certain Differences between the Proprietary Fund Statements of Net Position and the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position (Continued)

Internal Payable Representing Costs less than Charges to Business- Type Activities- Current Year

\$ 163,020

D. Explanation of Certain Differences between the Proprietary Fund Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position and the Government-Wide Statement of Activities

Net adjustment to Increase Net Change in Fund Balances-Total Enterprise Funds to Arrive at Changes in Net Position of Business- Type Activities

\$ 51,804

NOTE 3 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Annually appropriated budgets are adopted for the General Fund.

Budgeted amounts present the originally adopted budget and final amended budget approved by the City Council. The City does not use encumbrances. Budgeted expenditure appropriations lapse at year-end.

- 1. In August of each year, City staff submits to the City Council, a proposed operating budget for the year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them for the upcoming year.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. The budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution after obtaining taxpayer comments.
- 4. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the division level. No fund's budget can be increased without City Council approval. The City Council may authorize transfer of budgeted amounts between divisions within any fund. Management may amend budgets within a division level, so long as the total division budget is not changed.
- 5. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund. Annual appropriated budgets are not adopted for Debt Service Funds because effective budgetary control is alternatively achieved through bond indenture provisions. Budgetary control for Capital Projects Funds is accomplished through the use of project controls and budgets are not adopted.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2013

NOTE 3 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information (Continued)

6. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by the City Council. Individual amendments were not material in relation to the original amounts budgeted.

NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

A. Deposits

In accordance with applicable *Minnesota Statutes*, the City and the Component Unit maintains deposits at depository banks authorized by the City Council and the Commissioners.

Custodial Credit Risk: As of December 31, 2013, the City and Commission's bank balances were not exposed to custodial credit risk because they were insured through Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and properly collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions' trust departments or agents in the City's name.

As of December 31, 2013, the City had the following deposits:

City Deposits	\$ 1,574,227
Component Unit Deposits	9,702,690
Total Deposits	\$ 11,276,917

B. Investments

As of December 31, 2013, the City held the following investments:

		Years to Maturity								
	 Fair Value	Less than One Year	1-5 Years		1-5 Years 5-10 Y		10-15 Years		Concentration	Moody's Rating
4M	\$ 4,483	\$ 4,483	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	0.01%	Aaa
4M Plus	998	998		-		-		-	0.00%	Aaa
Certificate of Deposit	7,526,709	2,980,632		4,546,077		-		-	10.27%	NR
Commercial Paper	999,960	999,960		-		-		-	1.36%	NR
Money Market Fund	7,918,204	7,918,204		-		-		-	10.79%	NR
Mortgage										
FAMC	650,164	-		650,164		-		-	0.89%	AA1
FFCB	6,321,412	1,409,357		4,912,055		-		-	8.62%	Aaa
FHLB	13,399,183	4,001,920		5,046,438		2,410,845		1,939,980	18.28%	Aaa
FHLMC	8,054,617	-		6,135,039		1,392,386		527,192	10.99%	Aaa
FNMA	7,769,610	696		7,465,238		303,676		-	10.60%	NR
GNMA	11,246	11,246		-		-		-	0.02%	NR
Municipal Bond	11,054,280	3,583,743		3,921,323		3,549,214		-	15.08%	Aaa-A1
US Treasury Notes	 9,592,633	 4,524,850		5,067,783		-			13.09%	Aaa
Total Investments	\$ 73,303,499	\$ 25,436,089	\$	37,744,117	\$	7,656,121	\$	2,467,172	100.00%	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2013

NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

B. Investments (Continued)

As of December 31, 2013, the City held the following cash with fiscal agent:

			Yea	rs to Maturity			
				Less than		Moody's	
	F	air Value		One Year	 1-5 Years	Rating	Concentration
Money Market Fund Time Deposit	\$	2 4,789,673	\$	2 1,179,429	\$ 3,610,244	NR NR	0.00% 100.00%
Total Cash with Fiscal Agent	\$	4,789,675	\$	1,179,431	\$ 3,610,244		100.00%

As of December 31, 2013, the component units had the following investments:

			Years to Maturity					
	Fair Val	ue		than Year		1-5 Years	Rating	Concentration
US Agencies	\$ 13,752	,874	\$ 5,	553,665	\$	8,199,209	AAA	52.92%
U.S. Treasuries	4,256	,905	2,	301,016		1,955,889	AAA	16.38%
4M Fund	7,889	,108	7,	889,108		-	N/A	30.36%
Money Market Fund	88	,098		88,098	-		N/A	0.34%
Total	\$ 25,986	,985	\$ 15,	831,887	\$	10,155,098		100.00%

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments: As of December 31, 2013, all investments of the City and the component units were insured, registered and held by the City or its agent and in the City's name, or by the SPUC and in the SPUC's name.

Concentration of Credit Risk: As of December 31, 2013, the City held investments that exceeded 5% of its total investments for all funds as noted in the table on the previous page.

The component units' investments noted in the table above exceeded 5% of its total investments as of December 31, 2013.

The following is a summary of total deposits and investments as of December 31, 2013:

Deposits (Note 3.A.)	\$ 11,276,917
City Investments	73,303,499
City Investment with Fiscal Agent	4,789,675
Component Unit Investments	25,986,985
City Petty Cash	5,939
Component Unit Petty Cash	1,700
Total Deposits and Investments	\$ 115,364,715

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2013

NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

B. Investments (Continued)

Deposits and investments are presented in the December 31, 2013 basic financial statements as follows:

(City	Component	-
Fu	unds	Units	Total
\$ 72,	,376,274	\$ 25,510,45	0 \$ 97,886,724
4,	,789,675		- 4,789,675
	-	10,180,92	5 10,180,925
2,	,507,391		- 2,507,391
<u> </u>		'-	_
\$ 79.	,673,340	\$ 35,691,37	\$ 115,364,715
	\$ 72. 4.	City Funds \$ 72,376,274 4,789,675 - 2,507,391 \$ 79,673,340	Funds Units \$ 72,376,274

NOTE 5 – RECEIVABLES/UNAVAILABLE REVENUE

A. Taxes and Assessments

Governmental funds report unavailable revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current year, the various components of unavailable revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Delinquent Property Taxes	Delinquent Special Assessments	Deferred Special Assessments	Total
General Fund 2004A Improvement Bonds Capital Improvements Nonmajor Funds	\$ 290,507 - - 2,518	\$ 4,448 - 131 17,944	\$ 41,895 1,760,379 644,050 1,352,825	\$ 336,850 1,760,379 644,181 1,373,287
Total	\$ 293,025	\$ 22,523	\$ 3,799,149	\$ 4,114,697

B. Notes Receivable

The Equipment Internal Service Fund has a note receivable with the Scott County HRA that originated in 1998 as a result of the River City Centre Development Project. This note has an interest rate of 6.75% and will be paid in full in February 2014. At December 31, 2013, the note's balance was \$95,000. During 2013, \$95,000 of principal and \$9,619 of interest was paid.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2013

NOTE 6 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Governmental capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2013 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance		
Governmental Activities:	Datanec	mercuses	Decreases	Datance		
Capital Assets not being						
Depreciated:						
Land	\$ 20,023,040	\$ -	\$ 1,000	\$ 20,022,040		
Construction in Progress	3,841,256	3,273,445	3,614,772	3,499,929		
Total Capital Assets						
not being Depreciated	23,864,296	3,273,445	3,615,772	23,521,969		
Capital Assets being						
Depreciated:						
Buildings	34,987,146	2,937,763	371,129	37,553,780		
Infrastructure	134,908,129	3,898,620	-	138,806,749		
Machinery and Equipment	13,851,200	1,174,279	973,872	14,051,607		
Total Capital Assets						
being Depreciated	183,746,475	8,010,662	1,345,001	190,412,136		
Less Accumulated						
Depreciation for:						
Buildings	10,353,160	868,355	349,797	10,871,718		
Infrastructure	61,200,798	4,505,585	-	65,706,383		
Machinery and Equipment	6,670,045	1,040,062	645,628	7,064,479		
Total Accumulated						
Depreciation	78,224,003	6,414,002	995,425	83,642,580		
Total Capital Assets being						
Depreciated, Net	105,522,472	1,596,660	349,576	106,769,556		
Governmental Activities Capital						
Assets, Net	\$ 129,386,768	\$ 4,870,105	\$ 3,965,348	\$ 130,291,525		
Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the City as follows:						
Governmental Activities:						
General Government				\$ 210,533		
Public Safety				658,977		
Public Works				4,741,156		
Parks and Recreation				803,336		
m . 15				Φ 6 44 4 000		
Total Depreciation Expense	- Governmental A	ctivities		\$ 6,414,002		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2013

NOTE 6 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Business-type capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2013 was as follows:

	Restated Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance		
Business-Type Activities:						
Capital Assets not being						
Depreciated:						
Land	\$ 3,783,603	\$ 400	\$ -	\$ 3,784,003		
Right-Of-Way	235,777	211,969	-	447,746		
Construction in Progress	1,288,695	1,374,856	1,081,108	1,582,443		
Total Capital Assets						
not being Depreciated	5,308,075	1,587,225	1,081,108	5,814,192		
Capital Assets being Depreciated:						
Line Rights	1,368,569	-	-	1,368,569		
Plant in Service	75,676,291	1,667,029	-	77,343,320		
Machinery and Equipment	2,622,209	493,481	301,032	2,814,658		
Total Capital Assets						
being Depreciated	79,667,069	2,160,510	301,032	81,526,547		
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:						
Line Rights	477,560	24,733	-	502,293		
Plant in Service	19,079,556	1,240,975	-	20,320,531		
Machinery and Equipment	1,293,438	162,993	119,981	1,336,450		
Total Accumulated						
Depreciation	20,850,554	1,428,701	119,981	22,159,274		
Total Capital Assets being						
Depreciated, Net	58,816,515	731,809	181,051	59,367,273		
Business-Type Activities Capital						
Assets, Net	\$ 64,124,590	\$ 2,319,034	\$ 1,262,159	\$ 65,181,465		
Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the City as follows:						
Business-Type Activities:						
Sanitary Sewer				\$ 732,940		
Storm Drainage				695,761		
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-Type Activities \$ 1,428						

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2013

NOTE 6 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Component unit capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2013 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Component Unit Capital Assets				
not being Depreciated:				
Land and Land Rights	\$ 5,097,532	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,097,532
Construction in Progress	137,942	3,095,280	2,350,645	882,577
Total Capital Assets				
not being Depreciated	5,235,474	3,095,280	2,350,645	5,980,109
Capital Assets being Depreciated:				
Distribution	82,236,075	1,749,613	128,633	83,857,055
General	13,338,656	485,876	58,518	13,766,014
Total Capital Assets				
being Depreciated	95,574,731	2,235,489	187,151	97,623,069
Less Accumulated Depreciation	28,392,535	2,879,376	134,712	31,137,199
Total Capital Assets being				
Depreciated, Net	67,182,196	(643,887)	52,439	66,485,870
Component Unit Capital Assets, Net	\$ 72,417,670	\$ 2,451,393	\$ 2,403,084	\$72,465,979

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the component units as follows:

Component Units:

Electric	\$ 1,746,834
Water	1,132,542
Total Depreciation Expense - Component Units	\$ 2,879,376

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM DEBT

A. General Obligation Bonds

The City issues general obligation (G.O.) bonds to provide for financing tax increment projects, street improvements and construction of government buildings. Debt service is covered respectively by tax increments and special assessments against benefited properties with any shortfalls being paid from general taxes.

G.O. bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. These bonds generally are issued as serial bonds with equal debt service payments each year. G.O. bonds currently outstanding are shown on the following page.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2013

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM DEBT

B. Revenue Bonds

The Commission issues Revenue Bonds for electric and water activity. Debt service is covered through the revenue producing activities of these funds.

C. Components of Long-Term Liabilities

	Issue	Interest	Original	Final	Principal	Due Within
	Date	Rates	Issue	Maturity	Outstanding	One Year
Governmental Activities:						
G.O. Bonds:						
G.O. Improvement Bonds:	05/01/04	2.250/ 4.100/	A 4 22 7 000	00/01/05	Φ 1207.000	A 1 205 000
2004A	05/01/04	2.25%-4.10%	\$ 4,225,000	02/01/25	\$ 1,385,000	\$ 1,385,000
2004C	11/01/04	3.00%-4.00%	2,570,000	02/01/15	515,000	255,000
2006A	07/01/06	4.00%	3,440,000	02/01/17	1,470,000	360,000
2007A	02/01/07	4.00%	1,370,000	02/01/17	620,000	160,000
2007B	09/01/07	4.00%	1,445,000	02/01/18	755,000	145,000
2008A	09/01/08	3.50%-4.00%	2,170,000	02/01/19	1,230,000	195,000
2010A	08/01/10	0.50%-2.90%	1,555,000	02/01/21	1,150,000	185,000
G.O. Building Refunding						
Bonds 2004B	05/01/04	2.25%-4.00%	2,275,000	02/01/17	860,000	200,000
G.O. Capital Improvement						
Bonds 2004D	11/01/04	2.50%-4.20%	6,000,000	02/01/25	4,140,000	275,000
G.O. Building Refunding						
Bonds 2012A	06/14/12	1.50%-2.125%	4,865,000	02/01/25	4,865,000	-
Total G.O. Bonds					16,990,000	3,160,000
Compensated Absences					1,792,459	806,606
Total Governmental						
Activities					\$ 18,782,459	\$ 3,966,606
Business-Type Activities						
Compensated Absences					\$ 75,879	\$ 34,146
Component Unit Long-Term Liabilities: Utility Revenue Bonds:						
Series 2006A Crossover Refunding Bonds	11/21/06	4.125%-4.375%	10,570,000	02/01/30	\$ 9,195,000	\$ 380,000
Unamortized Discounts					(59,162)	
Total Component Unit Long-Term Liab	ilities				\$ 9,135,838	\$ 380,000

Long-term bonded indebtedness listed above were issued to finance acquisition and construction of capital facilities or to refinance (refund) previous bond issues.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2013

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM DEBT

D. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability information for the year ended December 31, 2013 was as follows.

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Bonds Payable	\$ 19,060,000	\$ -	\$ 2,070,000	\$ 16,990,000	\$ 3,160,000
Compensated Absences	1,742,587	966,679	916,807	1,792,459	806,606
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 20,802,587	\$ 966,679	\$ 2,986,807	\$ 18,782,459	\$ 3,966,606
Business-Type Activities					
Compensated Absences	\$ 69,503	\$ 43,391	\$ 37,015	\$ 75,879	\$ 34,146
Component Unit Activites:					
G.O. Utility Revenue Bonds	\$ 18,285,000	\$ -	\$ 9,090,000	\$ 9,195,000	\$ 380,000
Unamortized Discounts	(438,145)		(378,983)	(59,162)	
Total Component Unit Activites	\$ 17,846,855	\$ -	\$ 8,711,017	\$ 9,135,838	\$ 380,000

The General Fund, Employee Benefits Internal Service Fund and Sewer and Storm Drainage Enterprise Funds typically liquidate the liability related to compensated absences.

E. Governmental Activity G.O. Bonds

Debt service to maturity for outstanding G.O. bonds is as follows:

Year Ending	Governmental Bonds					
December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total			
2014	\$ 3,160,000	\$ 500,959	\$ 3,660,959			
2015	5,615,000	329,425	5,944,425			
2016	1,685,000	192,723	1,877,723			
2017	1,685,000	139,200	1,824,200			
2018	955,000	98,893	1,053,893			
2019-2023	2,930,000	236,170	3,166,170			
2024-2028	960,000	20,100	980,100			
Total	\$ 16,990,000	\$ 1,517,470	\$ 18,507,470			

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2013

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM DEBT

F. Component Unit Revenue Bonds

Debt service to maturity for outstanding revenue bonds is as follows:

Year Ending	Utility Revenue Bonds				
December 31,	Principal	Principal Interest			
2011		.			
2014	\$ 380,000	\$ 387,269	\$ 767,269		
2015	390,000	371,388	761,388		
2016	410,000	354,888	764,888		
2017	425,000	337,400	762,400		
2018	445,000	318,912	763,912		
2019-2023	2,510,000	1,289,943	3,799,943		
2024-2028	3,145,000	682,391	3,827,391		
2029-2030	1,490,000	66,062	1,556,062		
Total	\$ 9,195,000	\$ 3,808,253	\$ 13,003,253		

G. Refunding

In June 2012, the City issued \$4,865,000 G.O. Improvement Refunding Bonds to refund G.O. Bonds, Series 2004A, maturing in years 2014 through 2025 and G.O. Bonds, Series 2004D, maturing in years 2015 through 2025. The net proceeds of \$4,951,424 were deposited with an escrow agent to provide for the payment of the principal maturities at the call date of the refunded bonds and for the interest on the refunding bonds through the call date. The City is responsible for the principal and interest payments on the remaining refunded bond issues through the call date. The call date for the refunded G.O. Bonds, Series 2004A is February 1, 2014 and the call date for the refunded G.O. Bonds, Series 2004D is February 1, 2015. The refunding resulted in reduction of future debt service payments of \$442,330 and a net present value savings of \$387,886.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2013

NOTE 8 – CONDUIT DEBT OBLIGATIONS

Conduit debt obligations are certain limited obligation revenue bonds or similar debt instruments issued for the express purpose of providing capital financing for a specific third party. The City has issued various revenue bonds to provide funding to private-sector entities for projects deemed to be in the public interest. Although these bonds bear the name of the City, the City has no obligation for such debt beyond the resources provided by related leases or loans. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the financial statements of the City.

As of December 31, 2013, the following conduit debt was outstanding:

Project	Date of Issue	Am	Original ount of Issue	Balance Outstanding	
Scott County CDA Housing Development	07/15/06	\$	905,000	\$	575,000
2006D Refunding- River City Center Project					
Scott County CDA Housing Development	12/01/13		2,330,000		2,330,000
2013A Refunding- River City Center Project					
Scott County CDA Housing Development	12/01/13		1,220,000		1,220,000
2013E Refunding- River City Center Project					
Scott County CDA Housing Development	04/26/12		5,885,000		5,780,000
2012A Refunding- North Ridge Court Redevelopment					
St. Francis Regional Medical Center	10/06/04		51,520,000		48,235,000
Health Care Facilities Revenue Bond Series 2004					
St. Francis Regional Medical Center	12/23/87		8,000,000		2,635,000
Health Care Facilities Revenue Bond Series 1987					
Total				\$	50,870,000

NOTE 9 – PAY AS YOU GO TAX INCREMENT FINANCING AGREEMENTS

The City and the Shakopee EDA have a development agreement for costs related to an Imagine! Print Solutions, formally known as Challenge Printing, facility moving to Shakopee. The Shakopee EDA issued a Taxable Tax Increment Revenue Note in the amount of \$513,900 in support of development costs for the Imagine! Print Solutions Project. Imagine! Print Solutions is the holder of the note. The Shakopee EDA is liable only to the extent of the tax increment received from the Imagine! Print Solutions property. The interest on the note is 6.00%. Payments are scheduled semiannually from August 1, 2006 to February 1, 2015.

The City and the Shakopee EDA have a development agreement for costs related to Open Systems Facility located in Shakopee. The Shakopee EDA issued a Taxable Tax Increment Revenue Note in the amount of \$ 125,000 in support of development costs for the Open Systems Project. Open Systems is the holder of the note. The Shakopee EDA is liable only to the extent of the tax increment received from the Open Systems property. The interest on the note is 6.00%. Payments are scheduled semiannually from August 1, 2007 to February 1, 2014.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2013

NOTE 10 – INTERFUND ASSETS/LIABILITIES

The composition of interfund balances as of December 31, 2013 is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount		
Capital Improvements Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Nonmajor Governmental Funds Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$	623 75,325	
	Total	\$	75,948	

The due from/due to other funds balance represents borrowing to eliminate a cash deficit. This will be repaid as funds are available.

NOTE 11 – INTERFUND TRANSFERS

					Transfer In					
				2004 A			Other]	Internal	
	G	eneral	Im	provement	Capital	Gov	vernmental		Service	
	I	Fund		Bonds	Improvements		Funds		Fund	Total
Transfers Out:										
General Fund	\$	-	\$	100,000	\$ 2,800,000	\$	760,000	\$	250,000	\$ 3,910,000
Capital Improvements		-		-	-		388,838		-	388,838
Other Governmental Funds		-		-	241,971		-		-	241,971
Sewer Fund		75,000		-	-		-		-	75,000
Storm Drainage Fund		75,000		-	-		-		-	75,000
Internal Service Fund		-					450,000		-	450,000
			-		<u> </u>					
Total	\$	150,000	\$	100,000	\$ 3,041,971	\$	1,598,838	\$	250,000	\$ 5,140,809

Transfers were made according to budgets for operating purposes, to finance projects and for the cancellation of the debt service levy.

NOTE 12 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The City purchases commercial insurance coverage through the League of Minnesota Cities Insurance Trust (LMCIT) with other cities in the state which is a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program. The City pays an annual premium to the LMCIT for its insurance coverage. The LMCIT is self-sustaining through member premiums and reinsures through commercial companies for excess claims. The City is covered through the pool for any claims incurred but unreported, however, retains risk for the deductible portion of its insurance policies. The amount of these deductibles ranges from \$ 2,500 to \$ 5,000 and is considered immaterial to the financial statements.

There were no significant reductions in insurance from the previous year or settlements in excess of insurance coverage for any of the past three years.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2013

NOTE 12 – RISK MANAGEMENT

Through the pool, the City is subject to reassessment but due to reserves and reinsurance contracts, the likelihood is very low. The policy limits through the pool included \$2,000,000 aggregate for liability, \$1,500,000 for automobile coverage, \$500,000 faithful performance employee bonding and \$1,000,000 for universal umbrella coverage. Property coverage is at approximately \$91,000,000.

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - STATE-WIDE

Public Employees' Retirement Association

A. Plan Description

All full-time and certain part-time employees of the City are covered by defined benefit plans administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). PERA administers the General Employees' Retirement Fund (GERF) and the Public Employees' Police and Fire Fund (PEPFF), which are cost-sharing, multiple-employer retirement plans. These Plans are established and administered in accordance with *Minnesota Statutes* Chapters 353 and 356.

GERF members belong to either the Coordinated or Basic Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security and Basic Plan members are not. All new members must participate in the Coordinated Plan. All police officers, firefighters and peace officers who qualify for membership by statute are covered by the PEPFF.

PERA provides retirement benefits as well as disability benefits to members, and benefits to survivors upon death of eligible members. Benefits are established by state statute and vest after five years of credited service. The defined retirement benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age and years of credit at termination of service.

Two methods are used to compute benefits for PERA's Coordinated and Basic Plan members. The retiring member receives the higher of a step-rate benefit accrual formula (Method 1) or a level accrual formula (Method 2). Under Method 1, the annuity accrual rate for a Basic Plan member is 2.2% of average salary for each of the first 10 years of service and 2.7% for each remaining year. The annuity accrual rate for a Coordinated Plan member is 1.2% of average salary for each of the first 10 years and 1.7% for each remaining year. Under Method 2, the annuity accrual rate is 2.7% of average salary for Basic Plan members and 1.7% for Coordinated Plan members for each year of service. For PEPFF members, the annuity accrual rate is 3.0% for each year of service. For all GERF and PEPFF members hired prior to July 1, 1989, whose annuity is calculated using Method 1, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90. Normal retirement age is 55 for PEPFF members and 65 for Basic and Coordinated Plan members hired prior to July 1, 1989. Normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at 66 for Coordinated Plan members hired on or after July 1, 1989. A reduced retirement annuity is also available to eligible members seeking early retirement.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2013

NOTE 13 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – STATE-WIDE

Public Employees' Retirement Association (Continued)

A. Plan Description (Continued)

There are different types of annuities available to members upon retirement. A single-life annuity is a lifetime annuity that ceases upon the death of the retiree – no survivor annuity is payable. There are also various types of joint and survivor annuity options available which will be payable over joint lives. Members may also leave their contributions in the Fund upon termination of public service in order to qualify for a deferred annuity at retirement age. Refunds of contributions are available at any time to members who leave public service, but before retirement benefits begin.

The benefit provisions stated in the previous paragraphs of this section are current provisions and apply to active Plan participants. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits but are not yet receiving them are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

PERA issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for GERF and PEPFF. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.mnpera.org, by writing to PERA at 60 Empire Drive, #200, St. Paul, Minnesota 55103-2088 or by calling (651) 296-7460 or (800) 652-9026.

B. Funding Policy

Minnesota Statutes Chapter 353 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. These Statutes are established and amended by the State Legislature. The City makes annual contributions to the pension plans equal to the amount required by state statutes. GERF Basic Plan members and Coordinated Plan members were required to contribute 9.1% and 6.25%, respectively, of their annual covered salary in 2013. PEPFF members were required to contribute 9.6% of their annual covered salary in 2013. In 2013, the City was required to contribute the following percentages of annual covered payroll: 11.78% for Basic Plan members, 7.25% for Coordinated Plan members and 14.4% for PEPFF members. The City's contributions to the Public Employees' Retirement Fund for the years ending December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011 were \$ 372,656, \$ 349,790 and \$ 353,579, respectively. The City's contributions to the PEPFF for the years ending December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011 were \$ 548,485, \$ 529,799 and \$ 500,257, respectively. The City's contributions were equal to the contractually required contributions for each year as set by state statute.

NOTE 14 – DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN – STATE-WIDE

Four Council Members of the City are covered by the Public Employees' Defined Contribution Plan (PEDCP), a multiple-employer deferred compensation plan administered by PERA. The PEDCP is a tax qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code and all contributions by or on behalf of employees are tax deferred until time of withdrawal.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2013

NOTE 14 – DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN – STATE-WIDE

Plan benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings, less administrative expenses. *Minnesota Statutes* Chapter 353D.03 specifies the employee and employer contribution rates for those qualified personnel who elect to participate. An eligible elected official who decides to participate contributes 5% of salary which is matched by the elected official's employer. Employer and employee contributions are combined and used to purchase shares in one or more of the seven accounts of the Minnesota Supplemental Investment Fund. For administering the plan, PERA receives 2% of employer contributions and four-tenths of 1% of the assets in each member's account annually.

Total contributions made by the City during year 2013 were:

Contribution Amount				Percentage of C	Covered Payroll	Required		
Em	Employee Employer			Employee	Employer	Rates		
¢	1 400	ď	1 400	50/	50/	50/		
•	1,400	•	1,400	5%	5%	5%		

NOTE 15 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN – SHAKOPEE VOLUNTEER FIRE RELIEF ASSOCIATION

A. Plan Description

The Shakopee Fire Relief Association (the "Association") is the administrator of a single employer defined benefit pension plan established to provide benefits for members of the Shakopee Fire Department.

The Association provides retirement and disability benefits to members, and benefits to survivors upon the death of eligible members. Benefits are established in accordance with *Minnesota Statutes*. The defined retirement benefits are based on a member's years of service. Benefit provisions can be amended by the Association within the parameters provided by *Minnesota Statutes*.

The Association issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Shakopee Fire Relief Association, 129 Holmes Street South, Shakopee, Minnesota 55379.

B. Funding Policy

Minnesota Statutes Chapter 69.772 specifies minimum support rates required on an annual basis. The minimum support rates from the municipality and from state aid are determined as the amount required to meet the normal cost plus amortizing any existing prior service costs over a 10 year period. Actuarial valuations are not required for the Association as the Association follows Minnesota Statutes for the valuation calculation. The City has decided to make an annual contribution in addition to state aid received for pension cost. The Association is comprised of volunteers; therefore, there are no payroll expenditures (i.e., there are no covered payroll percentage calculations).

Contributions totaling \$ 340,900 (\$ 114,007 City of Shakopee and \$ 226,893 State of Minnesota) were made in accordance with contribution requirements as of December 31, 2013. These contributions were entirely for normal service cost.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2013

December 31, 2013

NOTE 15 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN – SHAKOPEE VOLUNTEER FIRE RELIEF ASSOCIATION

B. Funding Policy (Continued)

Validation Date

The City's annual pension cost for the current year and related information is as follows:

Validation Date					Dec	ember 31, 2013	
Actuarial Cost M	ethod				Entr	y Age Normal	
Amortization Me	thod				Leve	el annual dollar	closed
Remaining Amor	tization	Period:					
Normal Cost					20 y	ears	
Prior Service Co	ost				10 y	ears	
Asset Valuation	Metho	od			Mar	ket	
Actuarial Assump	ptions:						
Investment Rate	e of Ret	urn			4%		
Projected Salary	y Increa	ses			N/A		
Includes Inflation	on at				N/A		
Cost of Living	Adjustn	nents			Non	e	
		Annual	F	Percentage		Net	
		Pension		of APC		Pension	
Year Ended		Cost (APC)	C	ontributed	C	Obligation	
		_		_		_	
12/31/11	\$	509,553		100%	\$	-	
12/31/12		313,118		100%		-	
12/31/13		340,900		100%		-	
	,	Satatutory		Statutory		Funded	
Valuation		Value of		Accrued	J)	Jnfunded)	Funded
Date		Assets	Lia	bility (SAL)		SAL	Ratio
12/31/11	\$	3,974,012	\$	4,480,608	\$	(506,596)	88.7%
12/31/12		4,634,023		4,832,549		(198,526)	95.9%
12/31/13		5,135,900		4,529,104		606,796	113.4%

The Association is comprised of volunteers; therefore, there are no payroll expenditures (i.e., there are no covered payroll amounts or percentage calculations).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2013

NOTE 16 – POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTH BENEFITS PLAN

A. Plan Description

The City provides a single-employer defined benefit health care plan to eligible retirees and their spouses. The plan offers medical coverage administered by Medica. It is the City's policy to periodically review its medical coverage and to obtain requests for proposals in order to provide the most favorable benefits and premiums for City employees and retirees.

B. Funding Policy

Retirees and their spouses contribute to the health care plan at the same rate as City employees. This results in the retirees receiving an implicit rate subsidy. Contribution requirements are established by the City, based on the contract terms with Medica. The required contributions are based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements. For the year 2013, the City contributed \$45,522 to the plan. As of January 1, 2013, there were five retirees and one disabled officers receiving health benefits from the City's health plan.

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The City's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the City, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost of the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the City's net OPEB obligation to the plan.

ARC	\$ 241,196
Interest on Net OPEB Obligation	35,518
Adjustment to ARC	(51,351)
Annual OPEB Cost (Expense)	225,363
Contribution Made	(45,522)
Increase in Net OPEB Obligation	179,841
Net OPEB Obligation - Beginning of Year	887,960
Net OPEB Obligation - End of Year	\$ 1,067,801

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2013

NOTE 16 – POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTH BENEFITS PLAN

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation (Continued)

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan and the net OPEB obligation for 2013 was as follows:

Fiscal Year End	Anı	nual OPEB Cost	mployer ntribution	Annual OPE Cost Contribu	B Net OPEB
12/31/13 12/31/12 12/31/11	\$	225,363 207,190 200,980	\$ 45,522 53,591 45,723	20% 26% 23%	\$ 1,067,801 887,960 734,361

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of January 1, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the City had no assets deposited to fund the plan. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$ 1,938,082 and the actuarial value of assets was \$ 0, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$ 1,938,082. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$ 8,738,120 and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 22.2%.

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and the health care cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the ARC of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The Schedule of Funding Progress – Other Post Employment Benefits, presented as required supplementary information following the Notes to the Financial Statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2013

NOTE 16 – POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTH BENEFITS PLAN

E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (Continued)

In the January 1, 2013 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.0 % discount rate, which is based on the investment yield expected to finance benefits depending on whether the plan is funded in a separate trust (about 7.0% to 8.5%, long-term, similar to a pension plan) or unfunded (3.5% to 5.0%, shorter-term, based on City's general assets). The City currently does not fund this benefit. At the actuarial valuation date, the annual health care cost trend rate was calculated to be 8% initially, reduced incrementally to an ultimate rate of 5% after six years. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at January 1, 2013 was 30 years.

NOTE 17 – SEGMENT INFORMATION

The City maintains two enterprise funds that account for the sewer and storm drainage utilities. The City considers each of its enterprise funds to be a segment. Since the required segment information is already included in the City's proprietary funds' Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position balances, this information has not been repeated in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

NOTE 18 - FUND BALANCE DETAIL

Fund equity balances are classified as follows to reflect the limitations and restrictions of the respective funds.

			200	4A			C	Other		
	(General	Improv	ement	Cap	oital	Gove	rnmental		
		Fund	Bon	nds	Improv	ements	F	unds		Total
Nonspendable:										
Prepaid Items	\$	16,440	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	16,440
Restricted:										
Forfeitures		-		-		-		180,696		180,696
Transit		-		-		-		941,469		941,469
SCDP Grant		-		-		-		4,546		4,546
Revolving Loans		-		-		-		253,065		253,065
Economic Development		-		-		-		685,671		685,671
Debt Service		-	1,40	8,872		-	7.	,269,808		8,678,680
Capital Improvements		-		-		-	1.	,882,231		1,882,231
Total Restricted		-	1,40	8,872		-	11.	,217,486	1	2,626,358
Assigned:										
Telecommunications		-		-		-		54,499		54,499
Capital Improvements		-		-	5,75	53,669		176,398		5,930,067
Total Assigned		-		-	5,75	53,669		230,897		5,984,566
Unassigned:		0,076,549						(1,716)		9,074,833
Total Fund Balance	\$ 9	0,092,989	\$ 1,40	8,872	\$ 5,75	53,669	\$ 11,	,446,667	\$ 2	27,702,197

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2013

NOTE 19 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The City entered into a five-year agreement for refuse, recycling and yard waste with Allied Waste Services, a Republic Services Company. The contract begins on June 1, 2014. The calculated five-year total cost is approximately \$5.5 million. As part of the new agreement, the City will be purchasing approximately 23,280 garbage and recycling carts from Cascade Engineering Inc., at a cost of \$975,100. The funding for these carts will flow through the Sanitary Sewer Fund as a loan to the General Fund at a rate of 1% interest.

NOTE 20 – COMMITTMENTS

	Project thorization	 Work ompleted	2/31/2013 mmitment
Riverside Fields	\$ 637,671	\$ 584,401	\$ 53,270
Valley View Road	619,438	414,089	205,349
Valley View Business Center	3,167,477	2,614,233	553,244

NOTE 21 – CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

For the year ended December 31, 2013, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities. The statement reclassified certain deferred revenue amounts to deferred inflows of resources. The City also changed the interest rate risk method used to present investments from weighted average maturity to segmented time.

For the year ended December 31, 2013, the Component Unit implemented GASB Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities. This resulted in an adjustment to the beginning net position on the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position of \$ 311,778 to remove deferred charges no longer required to be capitalized in accordance with GASB Statement No. 65.

NOTE 22 – NEW STANDARDS ISSUED BUT NOT YET IMPLEMENTED

GASB Statement No. 68 replaces the requirements of Statement No. 27, Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers and Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures, as they relate to governments that provide pensions through pension plans administered as trusts or similar arrangements that meet certain criteria. Statement No. 68 requires governments providing defined benefit pensions to recognize their long-term obligation for pension benefits as a liability for the first time, and to more comprehensively and comparably measure the annual

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS December 31, 2013

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) - Entry Age (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
01/01/08	\$ -	\$ 1,887,961	\$ 1,887,961	0.0%	\$ 6,652,669	28.4%
01/01/09 *	_	1,887,961	1,887,961	0.0%	6,652,669	28.4%
01/01/10	-	1,483,810	1,483,810	0.0%	7,154,161	20.7%
01/01/11 *	-	1,483,810	1,483,810	0.0%	7,154,161	20.7%
01/01/12 *	-	1,483,810	1,483,810	0.0%	7,154,161	20.7%
01/01/13	-	1,938,082	1,938,082	0.0%	8,738,120	22.2%

^{*} Because an actuarial valuation is being performed once every three years, the amounts for the 01/01/08 and 01/01/09, and the 01/01/10, 01/01/11 and 01/01/12 valuation are the same.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

	Original and Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Variance with Final Budget - Over (Under)
REVENUES			
Property Taxes			
General Property Taxes	\$ 12,650,000	\$ 13,628,475	\$ 978,475
Fiscal Disparities	1,707,000	1,655,619	(51,381)
Lodging Tax	210,000	289,284	79,284
Aggregate Tax	12,000	13,769	1,769
Total Property Taxes	14,579,000	15,587,147	1,008,147
Special Assessments	11,000	10,990	(10)
Licenses and Permits	1,316,700	1,443,885	127,185
Intergovernmental Revenues			
Federal Grants	5,000	21,724	16,724
PERA Aid	17,500	18,170	670
Police Aid	305,000	329,349	24,349
Fire Aid	-	223,893	223,893
State Grants	420,000	445,491	25,491
Other Grants and Aids	8,000	3,500	(4,500)
Total Intergovernmental Revenues	755,500	1,042,127	286,627
Charges for Services			
General Government	1,931,450	2,132,740	201,290
Public Safety	522,900	534,287	11,387
Public Works	286,700	524,927	238,227
Parks and Recreation	1,111,100	1,112,832	1,732
Total Charges for Services	3,852,150	4,304,786	452,636
Fines and Forfeitures	425,000	348,262	(76,738)
Miscellaneous Revenues			
Investment Income	225,000	(31,609)	(256,609)
Contributions and Donations	4,000	18,134	14,134
Rents	-	8,409	8,409
Other	86,500	137,268	50,768
Total Miscellaneous Revenues	315,500	132,202	(183,298)
Total Revenues	21,254,850	22,869,399	1,614,549
EXPENDITURES			
General Government Current:			
Mayor and Council	170 645	151 507	(29.049)
Mayor and Council Administration	179,645 1,093,542	151,597 966,974	(28,048) (126,568)
City Clerk	336,196	231,504	(126,368) (104,692)
Finance	851,500	981,239	129,739
Planning	482,512	443,725	(38,787)
Government Buildings	435,370	426,747	(8,623)
Unallocated	225,000	118,281	(106,719)
Capital Outlay	-	29,434	29,434
Total General Government	3,603,765	3,349,501	(254,264)
Tomi General Government	3,003,703	3,377,301	(237,207)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

Public Safety		Original and Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Over (Under)
Police	EXPENDITURES			
Police Fire \$7,399,368 \$7,000,191 \$(399,177) Fire 1,792,325 2,017,548 225,223 Building Inspection 722,196 659,958 (62,238) Capital Outlay - 87,613 87,613 Total Public Safety 9,913,889 9,765,310 (148,579) Public Works Current: Streets 8,750 609,150 (28,410) Streets and Highways: 2,170,818 2,009,610 (161,208) Shop 74,950 12,394 (62,556) Capital Outlay - 9,925 9,925 Total Public Works 2,883,328 2,641,079 (242,249) Parks and Recreation Current: Streets and Recreation: 1,566,702 1,435,717 (130,985) Natural Resources 97,530 83,797 (13,733) Recreation 2,420,498 2,250,264 (170,234) Capital Outlay - 13,733 13,733 Total Parks and Recreation 4,084,730	Public Safety			
Fire Building Inspection 1,792,325 (69,958) 225,223 (62,238) Building Inspection 722,196 (69,958) 659,958 (62,238) Capital Outlay - 87,613 (75,613) 87,613 Total Public Safety 9,913,889 9,765,310 (148,579) Public Works Current: Streets 8,7560 (69,150) (28,410) (28,410) Streets and Highways: 2,170,818 (2,009,610) (161,208) (161,208) Shop 74,950 (12,394) (62,556) (62,556) Capital Outlay - 9,925 (9,925) Total Public Works 2,883,328 (2,641,079) (242,249) Parks and Recreation Current: - 9,925 9,925 Park Maintenance 1,566,702 (1,435,717) (130,985) (13,733) (170,234) Recreation 2,420,498 (2,50,264) (170,234) (170,234) Capital Outlay - 13,733 (13,733) (13,733) Recreation 4,084,730 (3,733) (3,733,31) (3,733) (3,012,19) Total Parks and Recreation 4,084,730 (3,739,401) (946,311) (946,311) Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expend	Current:			
Building Inspection 722,196 659,958 (62,238) Capital Outlay - 87,613 87,613 Total Public Safety 9,913,889 9,765,310 (148,579) Public Works Current: Streets and Highways: Streets and Highways: Streets and Highways: 2,170,818 2,009,610 (161,208) Shop 74,950 12,394 (62,556) 29,255 29,252 2,242,499 2,250,264 (170,2	Police		. , , .	. , , ,
Public Works				
Total Public Safety 9,913,889 9,765,310 (148,579) Public Works Current: Streets and Highways: Streets and Fighways: (28,410) (28,410) (28,410) (28,410) (37,560) 609,150 (28,410) (28,410) (37,500) (31,304) (62,556) (37,500) (30,985) (30,41,079) (242,249) (242,		722,196		
Public Works Current: Streets and Highways: 637,560 609,150 (28,410) Streets 2,170,818 2,009,610 (161,208) Shop 74,950 12,394 (62,556) Capital Outlay - 9,925 9,925 Total Public Works 2,883,328 2,641,079 (242,249) Parks and Recreation Current: Parks and Recreation: 1,566,702 1,435,717 (130,985) Natural Resources 97,530 83,797 (13,733) Recreation 2,420,498 2,250,264 (170,234) Capital Outlay - 13,733 13,733 Total Parks and Recreation 4,084,730 3,783,511 (301,219) Total Expenditures 20,485,712 19,539,401 (946,311) Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 769,138 3,329,998 2,560,860 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from Sale of Capital Asset - 150 150 Transfers Out (860,000)				
Current: Streets and Highways: Engineering 637,560 609,150 (28,410) Streets 2,170,818 2,009,610 (161,208) Shop 74,950 12,394 (62,556) Gapital Outlay - 9,925 9,925 Total Public Works 2,883,328 2,641,079 (242,249)	Total Public Safety	9,913,889	9,765,310	(148,579)
Streets and Highways: 637,560 609,150 (28,410) Streets 2,170,818 2,009,610 (161,208) Shop 74,950 12,394 (62,556) Capital Outlay - 9,925 9,925 Total Public Works 2,883,328 2,641,079 (242,249) Parks and Recreation: Current: Park Maintenance 1,566,702 1,435,717 (130,985) Natural Resources 97,530 83,797 (13,733) Recreation 2,420,498 2,250,264 (170,234) Capital Outlay - 13,733 13,733 Total Parks and Recreation 4,084,730 3,783,511 (301,219) Total Expenditures 20,485,712 19,539,401 (946,311) Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 769,138 3,329,998 2,560,860 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from Sale of Capital Asset - 150 150 Transfers In 150,000 (3,910,000) (3,050,000) <td>Public Works</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Public Works			
Engineering Streets 637,560 (10,10) 609,150 (161,208) Shop 74,950 (12,394) (62,556) Capital Outlay - 9,925 (9,925) Total Public Works 2,883,328 2,641,079 (242,249) Parks and Recreation Current: Park Maintenance 1,566,702 (1,357,17) (130,985) (130,985) Natural Resources 97,530 (83,797) (13,733) (137,333) Recreation 2,420,498 (2,250,264) (170,234) (170,234) Capital Outlay - 13,733 (13,733) (13,733) (13,733) Total Parks and Recreation 4,084,730 (13,733) (1				
Streets Shop 2,170,818 74,950 2,009,610 (161,208) (62,556) Capital Outlay 74,950 12,394 (62,556) Total Public Works 2,883,328 2,641,079 (242,249) Parks and Recreation: Current: Park Maintenance 1,566,702 1,435,717 (130,985) Natural Resources 97,530 83,797 (13,738) Natural Resources 97,530 83,797 (13,733) Recreation 2,420,498 2,250,264 (170,234) Capital Outlay - 13,733 13,733 Total Parks and Recreation 4,084,730 3,783,511 (301,219) Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 20,485,712 19,539,401 (946,311) Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 769,138 3,329,998 2,560,860 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from Sale of Capital Asset - 150 150 Transfers In 150,000 (3,910,000) (3,050,000) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (710,000)				
Shop 74,950 12,394 (62,556) Capital Outlay - 9,925 9,925 Total Public Works 2,883,328 2,641,079 (242,249) Parks and Recreation Current: Parks Again Recreation: - 1,566,702 1,435,717 (130,985) Park Maintenance 1,566,702 1,435,717 (130,985) Natural Resources 97,530 83,797 (13,733) Recreation 2,420,498 2,250,264 (170,234) Capital Outlay - 13,733 13,733 Total Parks and Recreation 4,084,730 3,783,511 (301,219) Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 769,138 3,329,998 2,560,860 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from Sale of Capital Asset - 150 150 Transfers In 150,000 (3,910,000) (3,050,000) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (710,000) (3,759,850) (3,049,850) Net Change in Fund Balances \$ 59,138 (429				
Capital Outlay - 9,925 9,925 Total Public Works 2,883,328 2,641,079 (242,249) Parks and Recreation Current: Parks and Recreation: *** *** Park Maintenance 1,566,702 1,435,717 (130,985) Natural Resources 97,530 83,797 (13,733) Recreation 2,420,498 2,250,264 (170,234) Capital Outlay - 13,733 13,733 Total Parks and Recreation 4,084,730 3,783,511 (301,219) Total Expenditures 20,485,712 19,539,401 (946,311) Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 769,138 3,329,998 2,560,860 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from Sale of Capital Asset - 150 150 Transfers In 150,000 150,000 3,910,000 3,050,000 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (710,000) (3,759,850) (3,049,850) Net Change in Fund Balances \$59,138 (4				
Total Public Works 2,883,328 2,641,079 (242,249) Parks and Recreation Current: Parks and Recreation: ***	•	74,950		
Parks and Recreation Current: Parks and Recreation: Park Maintenance 1,566,702 1,435,717 (130,985) Natural Resources 97,530 83,797 (13,733) Recreation 2,420,498 2,250,264 (170,234) Capital Outlay - 13,733 13,733 Total Parks and Recreation 4,084,730 3,783,511 (301,219) Total Expenditures 20,485,712 19,539,401 (946,311) Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 769,138 3,329,998 2,560,860 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from Sale of Capital Asset - 150 150 Transfers In 150,000 150,000 - Transfers Out (860,000) (3,910,000) (3,050,000) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (710,000) (3,759,850) (3,049,850) Net Change in Fund Balances \$59,138 (429,852) \$ (488,990) FUND BALANCES Beginning of Year 9,522,841 <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td>		-		
Current: Parks and Recreation: 1,566,702 1,435,717 (130,985) Natural Resources 97,530 83,797 (13,733) Recreation 2,420,498 2,250,264 (170,234) Capital Outlay - 13,733 13,733 Total Parks and Recreation 4,084,730 3,783,511 (301,219) Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 20,485,712 19,539,401 (946,311) Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 769,138 3,329,998 2,560,860 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from Sale of Capital Asset - 150 150 Transfers In 150,000 150,000 - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (710,000) (3,759,850) (3,049,850) Net Change in Fund Balances \$ 59,138 (429,852) \$ (488,990) FUND BALANCES Beginning of Year 9,522,841	Total Public Works	2,883,328	2,641,079	(242,249)
Parks and Recreation: Park Maintenance 1,566,702 1,435,717 (130,985) Natural Resources 97,530 83,797 (13,733) Recreation 2,420,498 2,250,264 (170,234) Capital Outlay - 13,733 13,733 Total Parks and Recreation 4,084,730 3,783,511 (301,219) Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 20,485,712 19,539,401 (946,311) Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 769,138 3,329,998 2,560,860 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from Sale of Capital Asset - 150 150 Transfers In 150,000 150,000 - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (860,000) (3,910,000) (3,050,000) Net Change in Fund Balances \$ 59,138 (429,852) \$ (488,990) FUND BALANCES Beginning of Year	Parks and Recreation			
Park Maintenance 1,566,702 1,435,717 (130,985) Natural Resources 97,530 83,797 (13,733) Recreation 2,420,498 2,250,264 (170,234) Capital Outlay - 13,733 13,733 Total Parks and Recreation 4,084,730 3,783,511 (301,219) Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 20,485,712 19,539,401 (946,311) Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 769,138 3,329,998 2,560,860 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from Sale of Capital Asset - 150 150 Transfers In 150,000 150,000 - - Transfers Out (860,000) (3,910,000) (3,050,000) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (710,000) (3,759,850) (3,049,850) Net Change in Fund Balances \$59,138 (429,852) \$ (488,990) FUND BALANCES Beginning of Year 9,522,841	Current:			
Natural Resources 97,530 83,797 (13,733) Recreation 2,420,498 2,250,264 (170,234) Capital Outlay - 13,733 13,733 Total Parks and Recreation 4,084,730 3,783,511 (301,219) Total Expenditures 20,485,712 19,539,401 (946,311) Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 769,138 3,329,998 2,560,860 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 5 150 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>				
Recreation Capital Outlay 2,420,498 2,255,264 (170,234) Capital Outlay - 13,733 13,733 Total Parks and Recreation 4,084,730 3,783,511 (301,219) Total Expenditures 20,485,712 19,539,401 (946,311) Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 769,138 3,329,998 2,560,860 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 150 150 Proceeds from Sale of Capital Asset - 150,000 - Transfers In 150,000 150,000 - Transfers Out (860,000) (3,910,000) (3,050,000) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (710,000) (3,759,850) (3,049,850) Net Change in Fund Balances \$ 59,138 (429,852) \$ (488,990) FUND BALANCES Beginning of Year 9,522,841				
Capital Outlay - 13,733 13,733 Total Parks and Recreation 4,084,730 3,783,511 (301,219) Total Expenditures 20,485,712 19,539,401 (946,311) Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 769,138 3,329,998 2,560,860 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 769,138 3,329,998 2,560,860 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 150 150 150 Transfers In 150,000 150,000 - - Transfers Out (860,000) (3,910,000) (3,050,000) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (710,000) (3,759,850) (3,049,850) Net Change in Fund Balances \$ 59,138 (429,852) \$ (488,990) FUND BALANCES Beginning of Year 9,522,841	Natural Resources	97,530	83,797	(13,733)
Total Parks and Recreation 4,084,730 3,783,511 (301,219) Total Expenditures 20,485,712 19,539,401 (946,311) Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 769,138 3,329,998 2,560,860 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from Sale of Capital Asset - 150 150 Transfers In 150,000 150,000 - Transfers Out (860,000) (3,910,000) (3,050,000) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (710,000) (3,759,850) (3,049,850) Net Change in Fund Balances \$ 59,138 (429,852) \$ (488,990) FUND BALANCES Beginning of Year 9,522,841	Recreation	2,420,498	2,250,264	(170,234)
Total Expenditures 20,485,712 19,539,401 (946,311) Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 769,138 3,329,998 2,560,860 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from Sale of Capital Asset - 150 150 Transfers In 150,000 150,000 - - Transfers Out (860,000) (3,910,000) (3,050,000) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (710,000) (3,759,850) (3,049,850) Net Change in Fund Balances \$ 59,138 (429,852) \$ (488,990) FUND BALANCES Beginning of Year 9,522,841	Capital Outlay	<u></u> _	13,733	13,733
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 769,138 3,329,998 2,560,860 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from Sale of Capital Asset - 150 150 Transfers In 150,000 150,000 - Transfers Out (860,000) (3,910,000) (3,050,000) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (710,000) (3,759,850) (3,049,850) Net Change in Fund Balances \$ 59,138 (429,852) \$ (488,990) FUND BALANCES Beginning of Year 9,522,841	Total Parks and Recreation	4,084,730	3,783,511	(301,219)
(Under) Expenditures 769,138 3,329,998 2,560,860 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from Sale of Capital Asset - 150 150 Transfers In 150,000 150,000 - Transfers Out (860,000) (3,910,000) (3,050,000) Total Other Financing Sources (710,000) (3,759,850) (3,049,850) Net Change in Fund Balances \$ 59,138 (429,852) \$ (488,990) FUND BALANCES Beginning of Year 9,522,841	Total Expenditures	20,485,712	19,539,401	(946,311)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from Sale of Capital Asset - 150 150 Transfers In 150,000 150,000 - Transfers Out (860,000) (3,910,000) (3,050,000) Total Other Financing Sources (710,000) (3,759,850) (3,049,850) Net Change in Fund Balances \$ 59,138 (429,852) \$ (488,990) FUND BALANCES Beginning of Year 9,522,841	Excess of Revenues Over			
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Asset - 150 150 Transfers In 150,000 150,000 - Transfers Out (860,000) (3,910,000) (3,050,000) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (710,000) (3,759,850) (3,049,850) Net Change in Fund Balances \$ 59,138 (429,852) \$ (488,990) FUND BALANCES Beginning of Year 9,522,841	(Under) Expenditures	769,138	3,329,998	2,560,860
Transfers In Transfers Out 150,000 (860,000) 150,000 (3,910,000) - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (710,000) (3,759,850) (3,049,850) Net Change in Fund Balances \$ 59,138 (429,852) \$ (488,990) FUND BALANCES Beginning of Year 9,522,841	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers Out (860,000) (3,910,000) (3,050,000) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (710,000) (3,759,850) (3,049,850) Net Change in Fund Balances \$ 59,138 (429,852) \$ (488,990) FUND BALANCES Beginning of Year 9,522,841	Proceeds from Sale of Capital Asset	-	150	150
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (710,000) (3,759,850) (3,049,850) Net Change in Fund Balances \$ 59,138 (429,852) \$ (488,990) FUND BALANCES Beginning of Year 9,522,841	Transfers In	150,000	150,000	-
(Uses) (710,000) (3,759,850) (3,049,850) Net Change in Fund Balances \$ 59,138 (429,852) \$ (488,990) FUND BALANCES Beginning of Year 9,522,841	Transfers Out	(860,000)	(3,910,000)	(3,050,000)
Net Change in Fund Balances \$ 59,138 (429,852) \$ (488,990) FUND BALANCES Beginning of Year 9,522,841	Total Other Financing Sources			
FUND BALANCES Beginning of Year 9,522,841	(Uses)	(710,000)	(3,759,850)	(3,049,850)
Beginning of Year 9,522,841	Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 59,138	(429,852)	\$ (488,990)
End of Year \$ 9,092,989	Beginning of Year		9,522,841	
	End of Year		\$ 9,092,989	

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET -NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2013

				Specia	al Revenu	e		
	Fo	orfeitures		Transit	Teleco	mmunication	SCI	OP Grant
ASSETS						_		_
Cash and Investments	\$	187,124	\$	733,760	\$	46,476	\$	4,527
Cash with a Fiscal Agent		-		-		-		-
Delinquent Taxes Receivable		-		-		-		-
Special Assessments Receivable:								
Delinquent		-		-		-		-
Deferred		-		-				-
Accounts Receivable		400		380,932		7,827		-
Interest Receivable		791		3,102		196		19
Due from Other Funds		-		-		-		-
Due From Other Governments		315						
Total Assets	\$	188,630	\$	1,117,794	\$	54,499	\$	4,546
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities Accounts Payable Contracts Payable Due to Other Funds Due to Other Governments	\$	6,033 - - 1,901	\$	92,394 - - 83,931	\$	- - - -	\$	- - -
Total Liabilities		7,934		176,325				
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		_		_		_		_
Unavailable Revenue - Special Assessments		_		_		_		_
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		-		-		-
Fund Balances Restricted for:								
Special Revenue		180,696		941,469		-		4,546
Debt Service		-		-		-		-
Capital Projects		-		-		-		-
Assigned		-		-		54,499		-
Unassigned		<u> </u>						-
Total Fund Balances		180,696		941,469		54,499		4,546
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	188,630	\$	1,117,794	\$	54,499	\$	4,546
or resources and rand Dataneos		100,000	<u>Ψ</u>	-,,,//		2 ., 177	4	.,5 10

		Spec	ial Revenue				De	bt Service		
Revo	olving Loan	De	conomic velopment authority	 Total	R	2004B efunding Bonds	Im	2004C provement Bonds	200	4D Building Bonds
\$	251,999	\$	693,223	\$ 1,917,109	\$	312,584	\$	567,029	\$	500,609
	-		- 171	171		2,347		-		3,654,675
	-		-	-		-		228,366		-
	-		_	389,159		- -		-		-
	1,066		2,925	8,099		1,322		1,974		2,116
	-		-	-		-		-		75,325
			2	 317		1,067				
\$	253,065	\$	696,321	\$ 2,314,855	\$	317,320	\$	797,369	\$	4,232,725
\$	- - - - -	\$	10,259 - - 220 10,479	\$ 108,686 - - 86,052 194,738	\$	- - - - -	\$	- - - - -	\$	- - - -
	_		171	171		2,347				_
	_		-	-		2,547		228,366		_
	-		171	171		2,347		228,366		-
	252.065		COE C71	2.065.447						
	253,065		685,671	2,065,447		314,973		569,003		4,232,725
	-		-	_		-		-		-,232,723
	-		-	54,499		-		-		-
	-			 		-		-		
	253,065		685,671	 2,119,946		314,973		569,003		4,232,725
\$	253,065	\$	696,321	\$ 2,314,855	\$	317,320	\$	797,369	\$	4,232,725

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET -NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)

December 31, 2013

				Debt S	Service			
A CODETTO	Imp	2006A provement Bonds	Im ₂	2007A provement Bonds	Im _.	2007B provement Bonds		2008A provement Bonds
ASSETS Cash and Investments	\$	474,294	\$	366,471	\$	232,554	\$	347,742
Cash with a Fiscal Agent	φ	474,294	φ	300,471	φ	232,334	φ	341,142
Delinquent Taxes Receivable		_		_		_		_
Special Assessments Receivable:								
Delinquent		_		14,735		173		618
Deferred		114,103		361,378		34,467		323,209
Accounts Receivable		-		-		· -		_
Interest Receivable		2,005		1,549		984		836
Due from Other Funds		-		-		-		-
Due From Other Governments								6,832
Total Assets	\$	590,402	\$	744,133	\$	268,178	\$	679,237
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities Accounts Payable Contracts Payable Due to Other Funds Due to Other Governments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- - -
Total Liabilities		-		-		-		-
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes Unavailable Revenue - Special Assessments		- 114,103		- 376,113		- 34,640		323,827
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		114,103		376,113		34,640		323,827
Fund Balances Restricted for: Special Revenue		-		- 370,113		-		-
Debt Service		476,299		368,020		233,538		355,410
Capital Projects		-		-		-		-
Assigned		_		_		_		_
Unassigned		-		-		-		_
Total Fund Balances		476,299		368,020		233,538		355,410
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	590,402	\$	744,133	\$	268,178	\$	679,237

		De	bt Service			Capital Projects						
Imp	2010A provement Bonds	R	2012A Refunding Bonds		Refunding		Pa	rk Reserve	District No.	TIF I	District No.	
\$	429,766	\$	362,574	\$	3,593,623	\$	1,929,864	\$	17,998	\$	22,030	
	-		-		3,654,675 2,347		-		-		-	
	2,418		_		17,944		-		-		-	
	166,831		124,471		1,352,825		1.41		-		-	
	1,183		1,533		13,502		141 8,160		- 76		93	
	1,105		1,555		75,325		6,100		-		-	
	(8)		117		8,008						-	
\$	600,190	\$	488,695	\$	8,718,249	\$	1,938,165	\$	18,074	\$	22,123	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	17,246	\$	18,937	\$	22,350	
	-		75,325		75,325		43,674		-		-	
	-		13,323		73,323		217		_		-	
			75,325		75,325		61,137		18,937		22,350	
			_		2,347		_					
	169,249		124,471		1,370,769		_		_		_	
	169,249		124,471		1,373,116						-	
					_							
	_		-		_		_		_		_	
	430,941		288,899		7,269,808		-		-		-	
	-		-		-		1,877,028		-		-	
	-		-		-		-		-		-	
	420.041		200.000		7.060.000		1 077 000		(863)		(227)	
	430,941		288,899		7,269,808		1,877,028		(863)		(227)	
\$	600,190	\$	488,695	\$	8,718,249	\$	1,938,165	\$	18,074	\$	22,123	

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET -NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued) December 31, 2013

			Capital Projects						
	TIF I	District No.	TIF Di	istrict No.		strict No.		Expansion edication	
ASSETS									
Cash and Investments	\$	19,722	\$	-	\$	-	\$	90,364	
Cash with a Fiscal Agent		-		-		-		-	
Delinquent Taxes Receivable		-		-		-		-	
Special Assessments Receivable:									
Delinquent		-		-		-		-	
Deferred		-		-		-		-	
Accounts Receivable		-		-		-		-	
Interest Receivable		83		(1)		(2)		382	
Due from Other Funds		-		-		-		-	
Due From Other Governments					-				
Total Assets	\$	19,805	\$	(1)	\$	(2)	\$	90,746	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities									
Accounts Payable	\$	14,602	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Contracts Payable		-		-		-		-	
Due to Other Funds		-		349		274		-	
Due to Other Governments				-		-			
Total Liabilities		14,602		349		274			
Deferred Inflows of Resources									
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		-		-		-		-	
Unavailable Revenue - Special Assessments									
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources					-				
Fund Balances									
Restricted for:									
Special Revenue		_		-		-		-	
Debt Service		_		-		-		-	
Capital Projects		5,203		_		_		-	
Assigned		_		-		-		90,746	
Unassigned		-		(350)		(276)		-	
Total Fund Balances		5,203		(350)		(276)		90,746	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows									
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	19,805	\$	(1)	\$	(2)	\$	90,746	

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Ca	onai	110	

Lio	ons Park	Rep	Tree placement	S	ealcoat	Total		G	Total overnmental Funds
\$	14,163	\$	60,069	\$	11,058	\$	2,165,268	\$	7,676,000
	_		_		´ -		-		3,654,675
	-		-		-		-		2,518
	-		-		-		-		17,944
	-		-		-		-		1,352,825
	-		-		-		141		389,300
	60		255		47		9,153		30,754
	-		-		-		-		75,325
-				-					8,325
\$	14,223	\$	60,324	\$	11,105	\$	2,174,562	\$	13,207,666
\$	- - - - - -	\$	- - - - - -	\$	- - - - -	\$	73,135 43,674 623 217 117,649	\$	181,821 43,674 75,948 86,269 387,712 2,518 1,370,769
-	_		-		_	-	_		1,373,287
	14,223 14,223		60,324		11,105 - 11,105	_	1,882,231 176,398 (1,716) 2,056,913		2,065,447 7,269,808 1,882,231 230,897 (1,716) 11,446,667
\$	14,223	\$	60,324	\$	11,105	\$	2,174,562	\$	13,207,666

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - NON MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

	Special Revenue									
	Forfeitures	Transit	Telecommunication	SCDP Grant						
REVENUES										
Property Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -						
Tax Increment	-	-	-	-						
Special Assessments	-	-	-	-						
Licenses and Permits	-	-	31,620	-						
Intergovernmental	-	793,639	-	-						
Charges for Services	-	246,979	-	-						
Fines and Forfeitures	33,208	-	-	-						
Miscellaneous	5,375	(1,683)	63	(48)						
Total Revenues	38,583	1,038,935	31,683	(48)						
EXPENDITURES										
Current										
General Government	-	1,142,806	32,789	-						
Public Safety	53,710	· · ·	· -	-						
Culture and Recreation	· <u>-</u>	-	-	-						
Economic Development	-	-	_	17,853						
Debt Service										
Principal	-	-	-	-						
Interest and Other Charges	-	-	_	-						
Capital Outlay	-	-	11,384	-						
Total Expenditures	53,710	1,142,806	44,173	17,853						
Excess of Revenues Over										
(Under) Expenditures	(15,127)	(103,871)	(12,490)	(17,901)						
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USE	S)									
Transfers In	-	-	_	-						
Transfers Out	-	-	_	-						
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Net Change in Fund Balance	ce (15,127)	(103,871)	(12,490)	(17,901)						
FUND BALANCES										
Beginning of Year	195,823	1,045,340	66,989	22,447						
End of Year	\$ 180,696	\$ 941,469	\$ 54,499	\$ 4,546						

		Speci	al Revenue		Debt Service								
Revo	olving Loan	Dev	onomic elopment uthority	Total		2004B efunding Bonds	Im	2004C aprovement Bonds	200	4D Building Bonds		2006A provement Bonds	
\$	-	\$	10	\$ 10	\$	149,289	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
	-		-	-		-		103,830		-		60,760	
	_		_	31,620		_		103,630		_		-	
	_		11,458	805,097		_		_		_		-	
	-		18,000	264,979		_		-		-		-	
	-		-	33,208		-		-		-		-	
	426		1,238	5,371		53		(1,089)		1,778		(1,441)	
	426		30,706	 1,140,285		149,342		102,741		1,778		59,319	
	_		_	1,175,595		_		_		_		_	
	_		_	53,710		_		_		-		-	
	-		-	-		-		-		-		-	
	-		207,994	225,847		-		-		-		-	
	-		-	-		195,000		255,000		265,000		350,000	
	-		-	-		38,790		24,784		176,363		66,431	
			-	 11,384		-				-		-	
	-		207,994	 1,466,536		233,790		279,784		441,363		416,431	
	426		(177,288)	(326,251)		(84,448)		(177,043)		(439,585)		(357,112)	
	- -		300,000	300,000		- -		100,000		450,000		60,000	
	_		300,000	 300,000				100,000		450,000		60,000	
	426		122,712	 (26,251)		(84,448)		(77,043)		10,415		(297,112)	
	252,639		562,959	2,146,197		399,421		646,046		4,222,310		773,411	
	232,037		302,737	 2,170,177		377,721		070,070		1,222,310		113,411	
\$	253,065	\$	685,671	\$ 2,119,946	\$	314,973	\$	569,003	\$	4,232,725	\$	476,299	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - NON MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

(Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

	Debt Service										
		2007A		2007B		2008A		2010A		2012A	
	Imp	provement	Im	provement	Im	provement	Imj	provement	Re	efunding	
		Bonds		Bonds		Bonds		Bonds		Bonds	
REVENUES											
Property Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,317	\$	-	
Tax Increment		-		-		-		-		-	
Special Assessments		36,180		25,072		88,893		80,572		29,898	
Licenses and Permits		-		-		-		-		-	
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-		-	
Charges for Services		-		-		-		-		-	
Fines and Forfeitures		-		-		-		-		-	
Miscellaneous		(704)		(990)		(2,367)		(446)		16,566	
Total Revenues		35,476		24,082		86,526		81,443		46,464	
EXPENDITURES											
Current											
General Government		-		-		-		-		-	
Public Safety		-		-		-		-		-	
Culture and Recreation		-		-		-		-		-	
Economic Development		-		-		-		-		-	
Debt Service											
Principal		205,000		140,000		195,000		185,000		-	
Interest and Other Charges		29,532		33,550		52,250		24,322		108,394	
Capital Outlay		_		-		-		-		_	
Total Expenditures		234,532		173,550		247,250		209,322		108,394	
Excess of Revenues Over											
(Under) Expenditures		(199,056)		(149,468)		(160,724)		(127,879)		(61,930)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers In		-		-		150,000		150,000		-	
Transfers Out											
Total Other Financing											
Sources (Uses)				-		150,000		150,000		-	
Net Change in Fund Balance	ŧ	(199,056)		(149,468)		(10,724)		22,121		(61,930)	
FUND BALANCES											
Beginning of Year		567,076		383,006		366,134		408,820		350,829	
End of Year	\$	368,020	\$	233,538	\$	355,410	\$	430,941	\$	288,899	

De	ebt Service	Capital Projects										
	Total	Park Reserv		District No.	TIF Distri	ct No.	TIF D	District No.	2010 Pr	ojects		Station 2
\$	150,606	\$	- \$	41,092	\$	- 4,701	\$	28,004	\$	- -	\$	- -
	425,205	874,44	-	-		-		-		-		-
	-	10,5		-		_		_		_		-
	-	3,28		_		-		_		_		_
	-	-,	-	-		-		-		-		-
	11,360	25,12		(249)		16		(159)		220		160
	587,171	913,42	<u></u>	40,843	4	4,717		27,845		220		160
	1,790,000 554,416 - 2,344,416	846,59 846,59	99	41,984		4,945 - - - - 4,945		27,504		- - - - - - -		(13,684)
	910,000	66,83	-	(1,141)		(228)		341		220		13,844
	-		-	-		_		_	(1:	30,435)		(111,536)
	910,000		<u>-</u>						(1)	30,435)		(111,536)
	(847,245)	66,83	30	(1,141)		(228)		341	(1)	30,215)		(97,692)
	8,117,053	1,810,19		278	<u> </u>	1 (227)		4,862		30,215	<u> </u>	97,692
\$	7,269,808	\$ 1,877,02	28 \$	(863)	\$	(227)	\$	5,203	\$		\$	-

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - NON MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

(Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

			Capital Projects		
	2011 Projects	TIF District No.	TIF District No.	Road Expansion Dedication	Lions Park
REVENUES					
Property Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Tax Increment	-	-	-	-	-
Special Assessments	-	-	-	-	-
Licenses and Permits	-	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	-
Charges for Services	-	-	-	10,500	-
Fines and Forfeitures	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	(659)	(1)	(1)	186	25
Total Revenues	(659)	(1)	(1)	10,686	25
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General Government	-	-	-	-	-
Public Safety	-	-	-	-	-
Culture and Recreation	-	-	-	-	-
Economic Development	-	349	275	-	-
Debt Service					
Principal	-	-	-	-	-
Interest and Other Charges	-	-	-	-	-
Capital Outlay	3,214	-	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	3,214	349	275		
Excess of Revenues Over					
(Under) Expenditures	(3,873)	(350)	(276)	10,686	25
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In	388,838	-	-	-	-
Transfers Out	_	-	-	-	-
Total Other Financing					
Sources (Uses)	388,838				
Net Change in Fund Balance	384,965	(350)	(276)	10,686	25
FUND BALANCES					
Beginning of Year	(384,965)			80,060	14,198
End of Year	\$ -	\$ (350)	\$ (276)	\$ 90,746	\$ 14,223

		Capital	Projects			
						Total Other
	Tree				G	overnmental
Rep	lacement	Sea	lcoat	 Total		Funds
\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	150,616
	-		-	113,797		113,797
	-		-			425,205
	-		-	874,440		906,060
	-		-	10,579		815,676
	-		-	13,786		278,765
	-		-	-		33,208
	199		19	 24,880		41,611
	199		19	 1,037,482		2,764,938
	-		-	-		1,175,595
	-		-	-		53,710
	1,290		-	1,290		1,290
	-		-	115,057		340,904
	-		-	-		1,790,000
	-		-	-		554,416
			-	 836,129		847,513
	1,290		-	 952,476		4,763,428
	(1,091)		19	85,006		(1,998,490)
	_		_	388,838		1,598,838
	_		_	(241,971)		(241,971)
				 (= 1-1/2 / - /		(= := ; ; ; =)
				 146,867		1,356,867
	(1,091)		19	231,873		(641,623)
	61,415		11,086	 1,825,040		12,088,290
\$	60,324	\$	11,105	\$ 2,056,913	\$	11,446,667

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION -INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS December 31, 2013

Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds Information Employee and Park Asset Benefits Total Buildings Technology Equipment ASSETS **Current Assets** Cash and Investments, Including \$ 1,408,267 \$ 7,107,320 \$ 6,226,203 \$ 1,999,579 559,470 \$17,300,839 Cash Equivalents Interest Receivable 30,050 26,324 8,243 10,020 1,520 76,157 Notes Receivable, Current 95,000 95,000 2,007,822 1,418,287 Total Current Assets 7,232,370 6,252,527 560,990 17,471,996 **Noncurrent Assets** Capital Assets: Infrastructure 2,923,925 2,923,925 31,294,013 3,254,563 Buildings 34,548,576 Machinery and Equipment 8,538,301 189,539 3,496,049 209,300 12,433,189 **Total Cost** 8,538,301 31,483,552 9,674,537 209,300 49,905,690 Less Accumulated Depreciation (4,481,806)(9,717,829)(3,283,883)(83,620)(17,567,138)Net Capital Assets 4,056,495 21,765,723 6,390,654 125,680 32,338,552 Total Noncurrent Assets 4,056,495 21,765,723 6,390,654 125,680 32,338,552 Total Assets \$11,288,865 \$28,018,250 \$ 8,398,476 \$ 1,418,287 686,670 \$49,810,548 LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION **Current Liabilities** Accounts Payable 31,018 11,103 54,478 26,716 123,315 Current Compensated Absences 806,606 806,606 31,018 11,103 26,716 **Total Current Liabilities** 54,478 806,606 929,921 **Noncurrent Liabilities** Compensated Absences 985,853 985,853 **Total Liabilities** 31,018 11,103 54,478 1,792,459 26,716 1,915,774 **Net Position** Net Investment in Capital Assets 4,056,495 21,765,723 6,390,654 125,680 32,338,552 Unrestricted 7,201,352 (374,172)15,556,222 6,241,424 1,953,344 534,274 **Total Net Position** 28,007,147 8,343,998 (374,172) 47,894,774 11,257,847 659,954 Total Liabilities and Net Position \$11,288,865 \$28,018,250 \$ 8,398,476 \$ 1,418,287 686,670 \$49,810,548

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds								
	Equipment	Building		Park Asset	Employee Benefits	Information and Technology	Total		
OPERATING REVENUES									
Rental Charges	\$ 619,263	\$ 664,6		\$ 437,064	\$ -	\$ 296,000	\$ 2,016,943		
Other Charges			197				2,497		
Total Operating Revenues	619,263	667,1	13	437,064		296,000	2,019,440		
OPERATING EXPENSES									
Salaries and Benefits	-		-	-	48,955	-	48,955		
Depreciation	729,048	768,0)31	360,284	-	39,973	1,897,336		
Professional Services	-		-	7,890	-	33,703	41,593		
Repairs and Maintenance	-	3	343	55,625	-	11,483	67,451		
Materials and Supplies	20,570	129,4	146	-	-	210,093	360,109		
Total Operating Expenses	749,618	897,8	320	423,799	48,955	295,252	2,415,444		
Operating Income (Loss)	(130,355)	(230,7	707)	13,265	(48,955)	748	(396,004)		
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)									
Investment Income	20,759	7,8	888	6,769	3,020	2,146	40,582		
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Asset	7,051	281,0)16	(31,617)	-	-	256,450		
Capital Asset Transfer	-	(150, 7)	752)	-	-	-	(150,752)		
Other Income		1,1	167				1,167		
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	27,810	139,3	319	(24,848)	3,020	2,146	147,447		
Income (Loss) before Capital Contributions and Transfers	(102,545)	(91,3	388)	(11,583)	(45,935)	2,894	(248,557)		
Transfers In	-		-	50,000	-	200,000	250,000		
Transfers Out		(450,0)00)	<u> </u>			(450,000)		
Change in Net Position	(102,545)	(541,3	388)	38,417	(45,935)	202,894	(448,557)		
NET POSITION									
Beginning of Year	11,360,392	28,548,5	535	8,305,581	(328,237)	457,060	48,343,331		
End of Year	\$11,257,847	\$ 28,007,1	147	\$ 8,343,998	\$ (374,172)	\$ 659,954	\$47,894,774		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS -INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

	F	D:1.1:	Dools Asset	Employee	Information and	Tatal
CASH FLOWS - OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Equipment	Buildings	Park Asset	Benefits	Technology	Total
Receipts from Customers and Users Payments to Suppliers	\$ 619,263 (105,500)	\$ 667,113 (196,307)	\$ 437,064 (9,037)	\$ - -	\$ 296,000 (232,175)	\$ 2,019,440 (543,019)
Payments to Employees				917		917
Net Cash Flows - Operating Activities	513,763	470,806	428,027	917	63,825	1,477,338
CASH FLOWS - NONCAPITAL						
FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfer from Other Funds			50,000		200,000	250,000
Transfer to Other Funds	_	(450,000)	50,000	_	200,000	(450,000)
Net Cash Flows - Noncapital		(430,000)				(430,000)
Financing Activities		(450,000)	50,000		200,000	(200,000)
CASH FLOWS - CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		4.4.5				4.46
Trunk Charges	39,051	1,167 302,349	-	-	-	1,167 341,400
Proceeds from Disposal of Capital Assets Acquisition of Capital Assets	(636,006)	(115,187)	(114,282)	-	(49,298)	(914,773)
Net Cash Flows - Capital and	(030,000)	(113,167)	(114,202)		(47,276)	(714,773)
Related Financing Activities	(596,955)	188,329	(114,282)		(49,298)	(572,206)
CASH FLOWS - INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Payment Received for Notes Receivable	95,000	-	-	-	-	95,000
Interest Received	21,737	9,689	5,197	(882)	1,682	37,423
Net Cash Flows - Investing						
Activities	116,737	9,689	5,197	(882)	1,682	132,423
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	33,545	218,824	368,942	35	216,209	837,555
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS						
Beginning of Year	7,073,775	6,007,379	1,630,637	1,408,232	343,261	16,463,284
End of Year	\$ 7,107,320	\$ 6,226,203	\$ 1,999,579	\$ 1,408,267	\$ 559,470	\$ 17,300,839
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH FLOWS - OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash	\$ (130,355)	\$ (230,707)	\$ 13,265	\$ (48,955)	\$ 748	\$ (396,004)
Flows - Operating Activities: Depreciation Expense Changes in:	729,048	768,031	360,284	-	39,973	1,897,336
Due to Other Governments	(3,987)	-	-	-	(24)	(4,011)
Accounts and Contracts Payable	(80,943)	(66,518)	54,478	-	23,128	(69,855)
Compensated Absences Payable				49,872		49,872
Total Adjustments	644,118	701,513	414,762	49,872	63,077	1,873,342
Net Cash Flows - Operating Activities	\$ 513,763	\$ 470,806	\$ 428,027	\$ 917	\$ 63,825	\$ 1,477,338
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfer of Capital Assets	\$ -	\$ (150,752)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (150,752)

COMBINED STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

ACCEPEC	Esc	row Agency Fund	Ta	etro Drug ask Force ency Fund	Total Agency Funds	
ASSETS Current						
Cash and Investments	\$	1,849,529	\$	657,862	\$	2,507,391
Interest Receivable	Ψ	-	4	2,763	4	2,763
Due from Other Governments		-		41,155		41,155
Total Assets	\$	1,849,529	\$	701,780	\$	2,551,309
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	588,530	\$	588,530
Deposits Payable		1,849,529		98,774		1,948,303
Due to Other Governments				14,476		14,476
Total Liabilities	\$	1,849,529	\$	701,780	\$	2,551,309

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - AGENCY FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

		Escrow Ag	ency]	Fund			
		alance at cember 31, 2012	A	dditions	De	eductions	Balance at ecember 31, 2013
ASSETS							
Current							
Cash and Investments	\$	749,973	\$	1,516,674	\$	417,118	\$ 1,849,529
LIABILITIES							
Deposits Payable		749,973	\$	1,516,674	\$	417,118	\$ 1,849,529
ASSETS	Balance at December 31, 2012		Additions		Deductions		Balance at ecember 31, 2013
ASSE1S Current							
Cash and Investments Interest Receivable Due from Other Governments	\$	731,117 3,119 50,033	\$	294,037	\$	367,292 356 8,878	\$ 657,862 2,763 41,155
Total Assets	\$	784,269	\$	294,037	\$	376,526	\$ 701,780
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Deposits Payable Due to Other Governments	\$	677,467 85,422 21,380	\$	246,175 47,862	\$	335,112 34,510 6,904	 588,530 98,774 14,476
	_						

Total Liabilities

\$

784,269

294,037

\$

376,526

701,780

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - AGENCY FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

Total Agency Funds

	_	Balance at	_	Balance at				
	De	ecember 31,	De	ecember 31,				
		2012	A	Additions	De	eductions		2013
ASSETS								
Current								
Cash and Investments	\$	1,481,090	\$	1,810,711	\$	784,410	\$	2,507,391
Interest Receivable		3,119		-		356		2,763
Due from Other Governments		50,033				8,878	-	41,155
Total Assets	\$	1,534,242	\$	1,810,711	\$	793,644	\$	2,551,309
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	\$	677,467	\$	246,175	\$	335,112	\$	588,530
Deposits Payable		835,395		1,564,536		451,628		1,948,303
Due to Other Governments		21,380				6,904		14,476
Total Liabilities	\$	1,534,242	\$	1,810,711	\$	793,644	\$	2,551,309

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STATISTICAL SECTION

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STATISTICAL SECTION December 31, 2013

This part of the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) presents detailed information for placing in context and understanding what the information shown in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information reveals about the City's overall financial health.

CONTENTS	Page					
Financial Trends						
These schedules show trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well being have changed over time.						
Revenue Capacity	110					
Portrayed is information to help the reader assess the City's most important local revenue source, the property tax.						
Debt Capacity	114					
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.						
Demographic and Economic Information	121					
Shown are demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.						
Operating Information	124					
These schedules shown service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.						

Source: Unless noted otherwise, the information in these schedules is from the CAFR for the relevant year.

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT Years 2004 Through 2013

	2004			2005		2006		2007	
Governmental Activities:									
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	90,281,410	\$	111,237,672	\$	119,661,761	\$	113,534,056	
Restricted		29,731,412		21,638,112		12,998,982		13,081,337	
Unrestricted		21,214,073		21,845,121		29,264,714		28,316,931	
Total Governmental			\$						
Activities Net Position	\$	141,226,895		154,720,905	\$	161,925,457	\$	154,932,324	
Business-Type Activities:									
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	89,415,817	\$	99,140,973	\$	109,337,014	\$	114,546,218	
Restricted	Ψ	1,867,077	Ψ	2,232,469	Ψ.	880,069	Ψ	1,026,351	
Unrestricted		37,354,576		41,291,469		42,400,797		46,169,289	
Total Business-Type		,		,_, .,, .,,		,,		,,	
Activities Net Position	\$	128,637,470	\$	142,664,911	\$	152,617,880	\$	161,741,858	
D: C		_						_	
Primary Government:	Φ.	150 405 225	Φ.	210.250.45	Φ.	220 000 555	Φ.	220 000 274	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	179,697,227	\$	210,378,645	\$	228,998,775	\$	228,080,274	
Restricted		31,598,489		23,870,581		13,879,051		14,107,688	
Unrestricted	58,568,649			63,136,590		71,665,511		74,486,220	
Total Primary									
Government Net Position	\$	269,864,365	\$	297,385,816	\$	314,543,337	\$	316,674,182	

From 2004-2010, the SPUC Funds, Water and Electric Enterprise Funds, were reported as a blended component unit of the City. In 2011, SPUC funds have been presented as discretely presented component units as it no longer met the criteria for blending.

Table 1

2008	2009	 2010		2011		2012	2013
\$ 112,909,793 21,915,945 22,086,771	\$ 112,097,148 16,518,865 28,832,576	\$ 111,905,152 1,844,129 43,910,102	\$	114,981,955 10,914,439 32,771,327	\$	115,191,768 9,912,551 34,823,712	\$ 118,166,525 10,454,238 30,642,443
\$ 156,912,509	\$ 157,448,589	\$ 157,659,383	\$	158,667,721	\$	159,928,031	\$ 159,263,206
_							
\$ 115,124,238 1,756,369	\$ 114,331,216 3,574,612	\$ 115,064,968 4,889,050	\$	65,080,070	\$	64,124,590	\$ 65,181,465 -
 49,366,581	55,595,594	 59,014,070		31,927,930		33,354,521	 31,183,904
\$ 166,247,188	\$ 173,501,422	\$ 178,968,088	\$	97,008,000	\$	97,479,111	\$ 96,365,369
\$ 228,034,031 23,672,314 71,453,352	\$ 226,428,364 20,093,477 84,428,170	\$ 226,970,120 6,733,179 102,924,172	\$	180,062,025 10,914,439 64,699,257	\$	179,316,358 9,912,551 68,178,233	\$ 183,347,990 10,454,238 61,826,347
\$ 323,159,697	\$ 330,950,011	\$ 336,627,471	\$	255,675,721	\$	257,407,142	\$ 255,628,575

CHANGES IN NET POSITION Years 2004 Through 2013

	2004		2005		2006		2007	2008		2009
EXPENSES:										
Governmental Activities:										
General Government	\$ 3,135,421	\$	2,563,526	\$	3,161,106	\$	3,543,980 \$	3,514,573	\$	3,388,268
Public Safety	5,461,190		6,190,689		6,856,485		8,301,075	8,346,104		8,528,413
Public Works	6,036,920		8,298,258		6,798,917		15,264,606	8,099,384		7,860,080
Culture and Recreation	2,150,765 360,167		3,664,944 314,858		4,653,240 333,462		5,323,087 363,805	3,637,527 522,074		3,859,670 316,566
Economic Development Other	861,864		924,270		896,110		1,042,133	1,033,999		1,040,044
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	18,006,327		21,956,545		22,699,320		33,838,686	25,153,661	_	24,993,041
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	10,000,327		21,730,343	_	22,077,320	_	33,030,000	23,133,001	_	24,773,041
Business-Type Activities:										
Electric	19,820,900		23,378,764		29,169,297		34,710,974	36,186,676		30,140,842
Water	2,723,003		2,460,977		2,949,990		3,332,132	3,461,261		3,316,102
Sewer	2,009,468		2,349,047		2,786,234		2,938,955	3,308,759		3,398,117
Storm	941,842		999,849		1,523,343		1,352,078	1,435,376		1,264,261
Total Business-Type Activities Expenses	25,495,213		29,188,637		36,428,864		42,334,139	44,392,072		38,119,322
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$ 43,501,540	\$	51,145,182	\$	59,128,184	\$	76,172,825 \$	69,545,733	\$	63,112,363
PROGRAM REVENUES:										
Governmental Activities:										
Charges for Services:			=0.4 =0.4				=00.04= A	****		****
General Government	\$ 3,591,641	\$	791,504	\$	714,105	\$	583,247 \$	606,259	\$	680,681
Public Safety	3,446,465		3,462,283		2,063,023		1,650,235	1,506,680		1,677,772
Public Works	4,534,285		2,668,728		2,986,495		2,615,402	2,354,276		1,342,173
Culture and Recreation	1,497,853		1,826,847		1,676,630		1,086,750	1,295,772		1,013,044
Economic Development	4,303,581		3,646,605		1,653,238		1,943,805	1,660,191		1,485,124
Operating Grants and Contributions Capital Grants and Contributions	4,303,361		8,666,283		6,116,366		2,463,129	1,825,124		1,241,884
Total Governmental Activities			8,000,283		0,110,300		2,403,129	1,623,124	_	1,241,004
Program Revenues	17,373,825		21,062,250		15,209,857		10,342,568	9,248,302		7,440,678
1 Togram Tee vendes	17,575,025		21,002,200		10,20>,007		10,5 12,500	7,210,002	_	7,110,070
Business-Type Activities:										
Charges for Services:										
Electric	22,161,542		27,425,921		31,906,714		37,407,565	38,732,701		34,272,099
Water	2,349,505		2,627,084		3,127,207		3,525,140	3,390,309		3,605,498
Sewer	3,078,191		2,971,601		3,471,984		2,806,371	2,556,299		3,485,882
Storm	1,806,974		1,937,430		1,859,912		1,505,247	1,379,821		1,405,560
Operating Grants and Contributions	-		-		-		-	-		-
Capital Grants and Contributions	10,844,269		10,913,464		6,174,786		4,138,977	1,007,519		1,879,530
Total Business-Type Activities										
Program Revenues	40,240,481		45,875,500		46,540,603		49,383,300	47,066,649		44,648,569
Total Primary Government										
Program Revenues	\$ 57,614,306	\$	66,937,750	\$	61,750,460	\$	59,725,868 \$	56,314,951	\$	52,089,247
N · (E) P										
Net (Expense) Revenue: Governmental Activities	\$ (632,502)	\$	(894,295)	\$	(7.490.462)	\$	(23,496,118) \$	(15,905,359)	\$	(17.550.262)
Business-Type Activities	\$ (632,502) 14,745,268	Ф	16,686,863	Ф	(7,489,463) 10,111,739	Э	7,049,161	2,674,577	Э	(17,552,363) 6,529,247
Total Primary Government Net Expense	\$ 14,112,766	\$	15,792,568	\$	2,622,276	\$	(16,446,957) \$	(13,230,782)	\$	(11,023,116)
Total Tilliary Government Net Expense	\$ 14,112,700	Ψ	13,772,300	Ψ	2,022,270	Ψ	(10,440,237) \$	(13,230,762)	Ψ	(11,023,110)
GENERAL REVENUES AND OTHER										
CHANGES IN NET POSITION:										
Governmental Activities:										
Taxes:										
Property Taxes	\$ 7,842,043	\$	9,341,977	\$	10,547,177	\$	12,767,354 \$	14,200,833	\$	14,676,518
Other Taxes	364,211		314,858		336,648		369,240	388,935		151,956
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	740,612		951,795		1,661,257		2,232,717	1,941,335		1,323,230
Gain on Disposal of Assets	294,833		746,340		2,700		22,628	56,453		37,162
Enterprise Fund Reclassed to										
Special Revenue	5,539,108		1,658,132		-		-	-		-
Transfers	2,215,871		1,375,203		2,146,233		1,111,046	1,297,988		1,899,577
Total Governmental Activities	16,996,678		14,388,305		14,694,015		16,502,985	17,885,544		18,088,443
n i m Asisi										
Business-Type Activities:	500 402		070 714		1 072 715		2 105 062	2 120 741		1 226 070
Investment Earnings	709,483		870,714		1,973,715		3,185,863	3,128,741		1,336,979
Gain on Disposal of Assets	(E E20 100)		409,918		13,749		-	-		-
Special Item Transfers	(5,539,108) (2,215,871)		(1,658,132) (1,375,203)		(2,146,233)		(1,111,046)	(1,297,988)		(1,899,577)
Total Business-Type Activities	(7,045,496)		(1,752,703)		(158,769)		2,074,817	1,830,753		(562,598)
Total Business-Type Activities Total Primary Government	\$ 9,951,182	\$	12,635,602	\$	14,535,246	\$	18,577,802 \$	19,716,297	\$	17,525,845
Total Filling Government	Ψ 2,221,102	Ψ	12,000,002	Ψ	,555,470	Ψ	10,077,002 \$	17,110,471	Ψ	11,020,070
Change in Net Position:										
Government Activities	\$ 16,364,176	\$	13,494,010	\$	7,204,552	\$	(6,993,133) \$	1,980,185	\$	536,080
Business-Type Activities	7,699,772		14,934,160	•	9,952,970	-	9,123,978	4,505,330		5,966,649
Total Primary Government	\$ 24,063,948	\$	28,428,170	\$	17,157,522	\$	2,130,845 \$	6,485,515	\$	6,502,729

From 2004-2010, the SPUC funds, Water and Electric Enterprise Funds, were reported as a blended component unit of the City. In 2011, SPUC Funds have been presented as discretely presented component units as it no longer met the criteria for blending.

	2010		2011		2012		2013
\$	3,042,918	\$	4,252,887	\$	4,603,027	\$	4,704,956
Ψ	9,123,316	Ψ	9,236,767	Ψ	9,430,785	Ψ	9,868,702
	8,397,874		7,094,047		7,083,299		7,578,493
	3,765,660		3,866,307		3,817,677		4,020,974
	427,169		244,361		152,541		338,907
	784,824		619,099		587,384		573,949
	25,541,761	-	25,313,468	-	25,674,713		27,085,981
	32,700,410		_		_		_
	3,293,079		-		-		-
	3,685,417		3,807,322		3,926,541		4,096,504
	1,792,749		1,382,391		1,445,633		1,641,438
	41,471,655		5,189,713		5,372,174		5,737,942
\$	67,013,416	\$	30,503,181	\$	31,046,887	\$	32,823,923
\$	652,686	\$	721,180	\$	3,356,772	\$	3,047,447
	1,716,573		1,503,188		1,524,158		1,701,875
	941,224		478,788		454,145		688,286
	1,039,820		1,071,482		2,222,430		2,012,436
	-		7,100		16,500		18,000
	2,943,857		3,606,089		2,106,559		1,894,436
	952,450		3,152,881		1,479,343		689,424
	8,246,610		10,540,708		11,159,907		10,051,904
	36,872,008		-		-		-
	4,417,498		-				-
	3,508,947		2,941,753		3,728,189		3,004,826 1,720,653
	1,281,986 6,415		1,083,878		1,442,394		1,720,033
	1,661,001		93,810		348,756		7,780
	47,747,855		4,119,441		5,519,339		4,733,259
\$	55,994,465	\$	14,660,149	\$	16,679,246	\$	14,785,163
_	22,77,1,100	_	- 1,000,10			_	- 1,7 00,700
\$	(17,295,151)	\$	(14,772,760)	\$	(14,514,806)	\$	(17,034,077)
	6,276,200		(1,070,272)		147,165		(1,004,683)
\$	(11,018,951)	\$	(15,843,032)	\$	(14,367,641)	\$	(18,038,760)
_					4 7 00	_	4
\$	14,229,111	\$	14,487,805	\$	15,002,764	\$	15,795,777
	147,561 1,039,867		160,884		113,902		113,796 40,589
	1,039,867		1,032,409		546,681 11,769		256,600
	-		-		11,709		230,000
	-		-		-		-
	2,089,406		100,000		100,000		162,490
	17,505,945		15,781,098		15,775,116		16,369,252
	1,279,872		758,182		423,946		53,431
	-		-		-		-
	(2,089,406)		(100,000)		(100,000)		(162,490)
	(809,534)		658,182		323,946		(109,059)
\$	16,696,411	\$	16,439,280	\$	16,099,062	\$	16,260,193
\$	210,794	\$	1,008,338	\$	1,260,310	\$	(664,825)
•	5,466,666	•	(412,090)	•	471,111	•	(1,113,742)
\$	5,677,460	\$	596,248	\$	1,731,421	\$	(1,778,567)

FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years

	 2004	 2005	2006		2007	
General Fund:						
Nonspendable:						
Prepaids	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Reserved	13,586	16,465		1,490,157		1,810,650
Restricted for:						
BATC Litigation	-	-		-		-
Committed to:						
Working Capital	-	-		-		-
Unreserved	7,233,268	9,662,677		8,354,477		7,896,883
Unassigned	-	-		-		-
Total General Fund	\$ 7,246,854	\$ 9,679,142	\$	9,844,634	\$	9,707,533
All Other Governmental Funds						
Reserved:						
Special Revenue Funds	\$ 2,232,061	\$ 2,861,564	\$	3,386,721	\$	2,489,775
Debt Service Funds	10,837,684	9,236,020		7,930,114		_
Capital Projects Funds	17,088,803	9,915,610		8,082,799		3,849,703
Restricted for:	,,	,,,,,		-,,		2,0 12,1 02
Forfeitures	_	_		_		_
Transit	_	_		_		_
SCDP Grant	_	_		_		_
Revolving Loans				_		
Economic Development	_	_		_		_
Debt Service	-	-		-		_
	-	-		-		-
Capital Improvements	-	-		-		-
Committed to:						
Working Capital	-	-		-		-
Transit	-	-		-		-
Revolving Loans	-	-		-		-
Economic Development	-	-		-		-
Park Projects	-	-		-		-
Capital Improvements	-	-		-		-
2008 Projects	-	-		-		-
2009 Projects	-	-		-		-
2010 Projects	-	-		-		-
Fire Station 2	-	-		-		-
Assigned to:						
Telecomminication	-	-		-		-
Capital Improvements	-	-		-		-
Capital Projects Funds	-	-		-		-
Unreserved						
Special Revenue Funds	(4,971)	_		_		993,555
Debt Service Funds	-	_		_		7,941,439
Capital Projects Funds	(28,081)	(1,833,937)		(1,205,899)		1,673,762
Unassigned	(20,001)	(1,000,707)		(1,200,077)		-
Total all Other	 	 				<u>-</u>
Governmental Funds	\$ 30,125,496	\$ 20,179,257	\$	18,193,735	\$	16,948,234

Note: GASB Statement No. 54 was implemented in 2010.

Only 2010-2013 are reported in compliance with GASB Statement No. 54. 2004-2009 are reported as previously stated.

 2008	 2009	 2010	 2011	2012		2 2013	
\$ 1,126,074	\$ - 799,276	\$ 149,940 -	\$ 131,447	\$	19,189 -	\$	16,440
-	-	218,032	-		-		-
- 8,733,528	10,703,004	345,820					
\$ 9,859,602	\$ 11,502,280	\$ 8,323,938 9,037,730	\$ 9,172,747 9,304,194	\$	9,503,652 9,522,841	\$	9,076,549 9,092,989
\$ 2,738,909	\$ 2,677,290	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
4,873,440	4,185,059	-	-		-		-
-	-	189,112 1,158,355	208,518 1,237,762		195,823 1,045,340		180,696 941,469
-	-	55,743 143,023 447,319	22,462 249,147 497,775		22,447 252,639 562,959		4,546 253,065 685,671
-	-	5,127,697 2,203,238	4,625,946 958,195		9,574,198 1,815,339		8,678,680 1,882,231
-	-	345,820 463,470	-		-		-
-	-	100,000 20,930	-		-		-
- - -	- -	1,785,164 3,616,689 190,431	-		-		- - -
- - -	- - -	14,876 131,398 2,476,886	- - -		- - -		- - -
-	-	49,192	45,681 6 064 247		66,989 8 681 475		54,499 5 753 660
-	-	-	6,964,247 413,228		8,681,475 394,666		5,753,669 176,398
1,130,452 7,658,289 1,994,812	7,504,770 2,453,383	- - - (116,803)	- - - (484,089)		- - - (384,965)		- - - (1,716)
\$ 18,395,902	\$ 16,820,502	\$ 18,402,540	\$ 14,738,872	\$	22,226,910	\$	18,609,208

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2004	2005	2006	2007
REVENUES:				
Taxes	\$ 8,207,254	\$ 9,621,721	\$10,815,367	\$ 13,084,595
Special Assessments	3,175,161	2,564,470	1,751,871	2,301,560
Licenses and Permits	4,173,804	4,444,491	2,675,935	1,378,570
Intergovernmental	4,162,581	3,646,605	2,877,245	2,540,584
Charges for Service	2,382,405	2,455,171	2,290,996	2,089,375
Fines and Forfeits	288,492	322,579	422,850	501,228
Miscellaneous	766,614	1,159,536	1,979,419	2,322,755
Total Revenues	23,156,311	24,214,573	22,813,683	24,218,667
EXPENDITURES:				
General Government	3,486,029	3,120,544	3,149,717	3,479,925
Police	5,530,972	6,210,198	7,153,121	8,342,017
Public Works	2,564,662	3,003,554	3,095,392	3,769,491
Culture and Recreation	2,489,749	2,792,590	3,453,545	3,651,539
Economic Development	-	_	_	-
Debt Service:				
Principal	1,775,000	1,845,000	3,055,000	3,110,000
Interest and Other Charges	701,976	1,106,324	1,195,618	1,025,868
Capital Outlay	7,432,575	14,058,508	10,650,449	7,288,033
Total Expenditures	23,980,963	32,136,718	31,752,842	30,666,873
Excess of Revenues				
Under Expenditures	(824,652)	(7,922,145)	(8,939,159)	(6,448,206)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
(USES):				
Bonds Issued	15,070,000	-	3,440,000	2,815,000
Sale of Assets	299,183	753,024	2,700	17,700
Premium on Bonds Issued	_	-	20,275	9,956
Refunded Bond Escrow	-	(2,190,000)	-	-
Transfers In	5,963,741	3,374,566	6,683,532	4,411,281
Transfers Out	(3,312,078)	(1,529,396)	(3,354,364)	(2,188,333)
Total Other Financing Sources				
(Uses)	18,020,846	408,194	6,792,143	5,065,604
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 17,196,194	\$ (7,513,951)	\$ (2,147,016)	\$ (1,382,602)
Debt Service as a Percentage of				
Noncapital Expenditures	15%	19%	21%	16%

Table 4

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Ф	14 427 766	Ф14 00 2 051	Ф 1 4 2 07 7 00	Ф 14 coo occ	Ф 17 141 002	Φ 15 051 560
\$	14,437,766	\$14,992,051	\$ 14,385,788	\$ 14,699,066	\$ 15,141,903	\$ 15,851,560
	1,879,974	1,810,511	1,404,088	1,475,324	1,499,810	930,331
	1,221,939	1,492,746	1,338,111	1,281,150	2,441,246	2,349,945
	2,702,993	1,811,668	2,924,161	3,941,830	2,548,692	1,857,803
	2,209,269	1,808,865	2,202,524	3,958,237	4,449,003	4,583,551
	442,626	428,662	549,543	411,211	418,474	381,470
	2,028,529	1,503,722	1,255,038	705,969	836,868	189,717
	24,923,096	23,848,225	24,059,253	26,472,787	27,335,996	26,144,377
	3,517,957	3,331,193	2,960,233	4,004,684	4,396,219	4,495,662
	8,462,288	8,604,704	9,012,567	9,460,824	9,483,999	9,731,407
	3,628,954	3,591,049	3,902,622	2,602,104	2,349,042	2,631,154
	4,101,175	3,898,844	4,075,919	3,902,386	3,799,723	3,771,068
	522,074	316,566	270,915	247,591	155,692	340,904
	3,280,000	2,660,000	3,800,000	2,565,000	1,950,000	2,070,000
	1,077,711	1,077,325	833,245	658,265	634,063	618,695
	3,300,942	1,797,299	2,812,488	6,301,406	2,164,053	6,883,191
	27,891,101	25,276,980	27,667,989	29,742,260	24,932,791	30,542,081
	(2,968,005)	(1,428,755)	(3,608,736)	(3,269,473)	2,403,205	(4,397,704)
-	(=,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(=, ==,, ==)	(=,===,==)	(0,200,110)		(1,000,1,000)
	2,170,000	-	1,555,000	=	4,865,000	-
	-	-	6,000	-	-	150
	16,741	-	-	-	73,480	_
	-	-	-	-	-	_
	4,605,693	4,958,133	13,199,807	2,968,919	3,367,400	4,890,809
	(2,224,692)	(3,462,100)	(12,380,403)	(2,750,830)	(3,002,400)	(4,540,809)
	() , ,	(-, -,,		(, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(-,,	()
	4,567,742	1,496,033	2,380,404	218,089	5,303,480	350,150
\$	1 500 727	¢ 67.379	¢ (1 229 222)	¢ (2.051.294)	\$ 7.706.695	\$ (4.047.554)
Þ	1,599,737	\$ 67,278	\$ (1,228,332)	\$ (3,051,384)	\$ 7,706,685	\$ (4,047,554)
	17%	16%	18%	14%	11%	11%
	1770	1070	1070	11/0	11/0	11/0

TAX CAPACITY AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Residential Property	Commercial Industrial Property	Other Property	Less: Tax Increment Property	Less Net Fiscal Disparities	Net Taxable Tax Capacity	Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Taxable Market Value	Taxable Tax Capacity as a Percentage of Estimated Market Value
2004	16,721,302	10,609,240	913,912	497,255	2,121,170	25,626,029	0.32433	2,464,564,300	1.04%
2005	20,394,086	11,749,438	528,300	327,963	2,132,628	30,211,233	0.31115	2,654,161,900	1.14%
2006	23,162,320	12,710,783	565,215	352,543	1,615,190	34,470,585	0.30974	2,987,657,400	1.15%
2007	26,817,616	14,013,644	675,479	378,593	1,963,379	39,164,767	0.31939	3,419,040,600	1.15%
2008	29,942,078	15,426,355	741,679	411,490	1,846,919	43,851,703	0.31925	3,800,795,500	1.15%
2009	29,805,971	16,088,685	1,319,935	156,799	1,862,715	45,195,077	0.32630	3,850,591,200	1.17%
2010	27,805,069	16,459,872	1,279,807	151,914	1,584,552	43,808,282	0.33710	3,710,814,056	1.18%
2011	24,652,932	18,351,835	1,304,688	161,430	1,630,522	42,517,503	0.34731	3,570,069,500	1.19%
2012	23,180,073	17,956,273	852,512	155,002	1,740,447	40,093,409	0.36655	3,347,179,800	1.20%
2013	22,824,263	17,577,547	576,049	107,928	1,707,617	39,162,314	0.41996	3,064,695,700	1.28%

Source: Scott County Auditor

Table 6

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES Last Ten Fiscal Years

		City Direct Rate	2				General Obligation
Fiscal Year	Operating Rate	Debt Service Rate	Total Direct Rate	Shakopee School District	Scott County	Other Jurisdictions	Debt Service Market Value Rate
2004	0.31131	0.01302	0.32433	0.21517	0.36635	0.04123	0.01189
2005	0.29855	0.01260	0.31115	0.25215	0.35361	0.04660	0.00969
2006	0.28996	0.01978	0.30974	0.27789	0.34974	0.04578	0.00848
2007	0.29822	0.02117	0.31939	0.27132	0.33140	0.04434	0.00728
2008	0.29874	0.02051	0.31925	0.26103	0.32646	0.04642	0.00537
2009	0.30401	0.02229	0.32630	0.27274	0.32684	0.04960	0.00651
2010	0.32152	0.01558	0.33710	0.29050	0.33240	0.04980	0.00651
2011	0.32996	0.01735	0.34731	0.31182	0.35541	0.05020	0.00342
2012	0.34005	0.02650	0.36655	0.35512	0.38802	0.05610	0.00345
2013	0.41996	-	0.41996	0.39715	0.40674	0.05701	0.00467

Sources: Scott County Auditor and Leauge of Minnesota Cities Reports

PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS Current Year and Nine Years Ago

			2013		2004			
Taxpayer	Type of Business	2012/13 Tax Cap. Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Tax Cap. Value	 2003/04 Tax Cap. Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Tax Cap. Value	
Excel Energy	Electrical Generation	\$ 603,146	1	1.47%	\$ 432,954	2	1.53%	
Rahr Malting	Grain Processing	426,194	2	1.04%	358,847	4	1.27%	
J & J Minneapolis LLC	Manufacturing	408,500	3	1.00%				
Seagate	Manufacturing/Research	399,250	4	0.97%	752,424	1	2.66%	
Lothenbach Properties	Warehouse/Manufacturing	379,250	5	0.93%				
St. Francis RMC	Health Care	358,500	6	0.87%				
Canterbury Park	Horse Racing	323,760	7	0.79%				
Certainteed	Manufacturing	319,250	8	0.78%	311,678	6	1.10%	
Valleyfair	Amusement Park	313,750	9	0.77%	292,117	7	1.03%	
Shakopee Crossing LTD	Retail	310,170	10	0.76%				
OIRE	Property Management				364,928	3	1.29%	
ADC Telecommunications	Electronics				336,866	5	1.19%	
KMart Warehouse	Warehouse/Distribution Center				288,946	8	1.02%	
Shakopee Valley Market	Retail				272,610	9	0.97%	
Principal Mutual Mortgage	Financial				259,752	10	0.92%	
		\$ 3,841,770		9.38%	\$ 3,671,122		12.98%	

Source: Scott County Auditor

Net Tax Capacity City

40,977,859

From Table 5-E Total for year

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year Collected	Tax Levy	Collections of Current Years Taxes	Percentage of Levy Collected	Collections of Prior Years Taxes	Total Collections	Percentage of Total Collections To Tax Levy	Accumulated Delinquent Taxes	Ratio of Accumulated Delinquent Taxes to Current Years Taxes
2004	\$ 8,625,695	\$ 7,878,618	91%	\$ (86,619)	\$ 7,791,999	90%	\$ 175,774	2.04%
2005	9,703,206	9,025,261	93%	67,187	9,092,448	94%	164,517	1.70%
2006	10,951,917	9,945,490	91%	38,986	9,984,476	91%	279,316	2.55%
2007	12,745,449	12,418,768	97%	91,200	12,509,968	98%	331,315	2.60%
2008	14,222,007	13,661,366	96%	208,470	13,869,836	98%	483,317	3.40%
2009	14,983,677	14,457,378	96%	157,920	14,615,298	98%	319,740	2.13%
2010	14,918,665	13,971,356	94%	55,020	14,026,376	94%	310,624	2.08%
2011	14,837,438	14,019,831	94%	278,981	14,298,812	96%	260,248	1.75%
2012	14,837,438	14,553,417	98%	188,750	14,742,167	99%	235,011	1.58%
2013	15,483,223	15,109,599	98%	279,485	15,389,084	99%	293,025	1.89%

Source: Scott County Auditor

^{1.} The above data does not include tax increment districts.

^{2.} The State of Minnesota cancelled \$561,000 in 2004 to 2006, \$243,439 in 2008, \$511,956 in 2009, \$558,860 in 2010 and \$595,572 of annual aid payments to the City that were part of the tax levy.

Table 9

RATIO OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Government	al Activities				
Fiscal Year	G.O. Bonds	Special Assessment Bonds	Business-type Activities Revenue Bonds	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita
2004	\$ 10,595,000	\$ 18,205,000	\$ 25,515,000	\$ 54,315,000	5.5%	1,879
2005	8,275,000	16,360,000	24,750,000	49,385,000	4.4%	1,593
2006	7,950,000	17,070,000	34,535,000	59,555,000	4.9%	1,816
2007	7,560,000	17,165,000	33,895,000	58,620,000	4.5%	1,752
2008	7,165,000	16,450,000	33,225,000	56,840,000	4.1%	1,689
2009	6,755,000	14,200,000	22,235,000	43,190,000	4.1%	1,276
2010	6,340,000	12,370,000	21,470,000	40,180,000	3.4%	1,084
2011	5,905,000	10,240,000	-	16,145,000	1.3%	428
2012	10,325,000	8,735,000	-	19,060,000	1.6%	504
2013	9,865,000	7,125,000	-	16,990,000	1.4%	446

Sources: See Table 14 for income and population data.

Note: From 2004-2010, the SPUC Funds, Water and Electric Enterprise Funds, were reported as a blended component unit of the City. In 2011, SPUC Funds have been presented as discretely presented component units as it no longer met the criteria for blending.

Table 10

RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED OUTSTANDING Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	G.O. Bonds	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property	Per Capita	Percentage of Total Personal Income
2004	\$ 10,595,000	0.43%	366	1.07%
2005	8,275,000	0.31%	267	0.76%
2006	7,950,000	0.27%	242	0.65%
2007	7,560,000	0.22%	226	0.61%
2008	7,165,000	0.19%	213	0.52%
2009	6,755,000	0.18%	199	0.65%
2010	6,340,000	0.17%	171	0.54%
2011	5,905,000	0.17%	157	0.49%
2012	10,325,000	0.31%	273	0.86%
2013	9,865,000	0.32%	259	0.81%

Sources:

- 1. Metropolitan Council estimated for population. 2005-2009 populations are the City's estimate.
- 2. Scott County Auditor

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Table 11
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT
December 31, 2013

		G.O. Debt	Percentage Applicable To City of Shakopee (1)	Amount Applicable To City of Shakopee
Direct Debt:				
City of Shakopee	\$	16,990,000	100.0%	\$ 16,990,000
Overlapping Debt:				
Independent School District No. 720		206,755,000	84.6%	174,861,150
Independent School District No. 191		108,795,000	2.1%	2,323,238
Scott County		66,660,000	26.3%	17,543,229
Metropolitan Council	1	1,638,249,257	1.0%	17,152,470
Total Overlapping Debt:	2	2,020,459,257		211,880,087
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt	\$ 2	2,037,449,257		\$ 228,870,087

Source: Scott County Auditor

Dakota County Auditor Metropolitan Council

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City. This process recognizes that, when considering the City's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt of each government.

(1) The percentage of overlapping debt is estimated using tax capacity. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of Scott County's tax capacity that is within the City's boundaries and dividing it by Scott County's total tax capacity.

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2004	2005	2006	2007
Market Value (Taxable)	\$ 2,464,564,300	\$ 2,654,161,900	\$ 2,987,657,400	\$ 3,419,040,600
Debt Limit - Percent of				
Market Value (Note A)	49,291,286	53,083,238	59,753,148	68,380,812
Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Limit:				
G.O. Bonds	10,595,000	8,275,000	7,950,000	7,560,000
Available in Debt Service Funds	(2,539,292)	(1,155,148)	(810,494)	(834,155)
Total Debt Applicable				
to Debt Limit	8,055,708	7,119,852	7,139,506	6,725,845
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 41,235,578	\$ 45,963,386	\$ 52,613,642	\$ 61,654,967

NOTE (A):

M.S.A. Section 475.53 (Limit on Net Debt)

Subdivision 1. Generally, except of otherwise provided in Sections 475.51 to 475.75, no municipality, except a school district or a city of the first class, shall incur or be subject to a net debt in excess of 2% (3% starting 2008) of the market value of taxable property in the municipality."

NOTE (B):

M.S.A. Section 475.51 Definitions: Subdivision 4. "Net debt" means the amount remaining after deduction from its gross debt the aggregate of the principal of the following:

- (1) Obligations issued for improvements which are payable wholly or partly from the proceeds of special assessments levied upon property specially benefited thereby, including those which are general obligations of the municipality issuing them, if the municipality is entitled to reimbursement in whole or in part from the proceeds of the special assessments.
- (2) Warrants or orders having no definite or fixed maturity.
- (3) Obligations payable wholly from the income of revenue-producing conveniences.
- (4) Obligations issued to create or maintain a permanent improvement revolving fund.
- (5) Obligation issued for the acquisition, and betterment of public waterworks systems, and public lighting, heating or power systems and on any combination thereof or for any other public convenience from which a revenue is or may be derived.
- (6) Amount of all money and the face value of all securities held as a sinking fund for the extinguishment of obligations other than those deductible under this subdivision.

M.S.A. Section 469.178, subdivision 1. (tax increment bonds) "... The bonds are not included for purposes of computing the net debt of any municipality.

Table 12

2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
\$ 3,800,795,500	\$ 3,850,591,200	\$ 3,710,814,056	\$ 3,570,069,500	\$ 3,347,179,800	\$ 3,064,695,700
114,023,865	115,517,736	107,102,085	107,102,085	100,415,394	91,940,871
7,165,000 (847,608)	6,755,000 (837,100)	6,340,000 (786,306)	5,905,000 (826,957)	10,325,000 (4,623,939)	9,865,000
6,317,392	5,917,900	5,553,694	5,078,043	5,701,061	9,865,000
\$ 107,706,473	\$ 109,599,836	\$ 101,548,391	\$ 102,024,042	\$ 94,714,333	\$ 82,075,871

PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE Last Ten Fiscal Years

Utility Bonds

	Ctility Bolids						
		Utility	Less:	Net			
Fiscal		Service	Operating	Available	Debt	Service	
Year		Charges	Expense	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage
2004	\$	25,473,439	\$ 19,778,149	\$ 5,695,290	\$ 640,000	\$ 1,307,626	2.92
2005		33,841,730	25,821,489	8,020,241	765,000	1,074,487	4.36
2006		38,445,403	31,436,969	7,008,434	785,000	1,174,711	3.58
2007		44,692,049	36,644,414	8,047,635	640,000	1,574,925	3.63
2008		45,499,791	38,689,351	6,810,440	670,000	1,523,198	3.11
2009		42,437,910	33,009,500	9,428,410	710,000	1,012,874	5.47
2010		45,586,795	36,375,440	9,211,355	765,000	939,426	5.40
2011		-	-	-	-	-	-
2012		-	-	-	-	-	-
2013		-	-	-	-	-	-

1. Operating expense excludes depreciation and amortization.

Note: From 2004-2010, the SPUC Funds, Water and Electric Enterprise Funds, were reported as a blended component unit of the City. In 2011, SPUC Funds have been presented as discretely presented component units as it no longer met the criteria for blending.

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS Last Ten Calendar Years

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	School Enrollment (2)	Unemployment Rate (3)	Total Employment	Per Capita Income (4)	Personal Income (5)
2004	28,913	5,121	3.9%	16,213	\$ 34,284	\$ 991,253,292
2005	31,000	6,247	3.6%	16,192	35,956	1,114,636,000
2006	32,800	6,643	3.7%	17,787	37,023	1,214,354,400
2007	33,460	6,905	4.6%	18,225	39,042	1,306,345,320
2008	33,660	7,163	6.7%	18,688	31,900	1,375,044,660
2009	33,860	7,465	7.8%	18,926	30,900	1,046,274,000
2010	37,076	7,814	7.0%	18,771	31,700	1,175,309,200
2011	37,721	8,115	4.6%	20,718	32,017	1,207,713,257
2012	37,841	8,392	5.0%	19,971	31,628	1,196,835,148
2013	38,120	8,452	4.6%	19,650	31,829	1,213,321,480

Source:

- 1. 2004 is a Metropolitan Council population estimates. 2010 is the official census figure. 2005-2009,2011-2013 are the City's estimate.
- 2. Shakopee School District, SACS, Bloomington Lutheran
- 3. Minnesota Department of Employment and Economic Development
- 4. Bureau of Economic Analysis and MET Council Community Profile Dad
- 5. Per capita income times population

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Table 15

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS Current Year and Nine Years Ago

			2013			2004	
				Total			Total
			ъ.	City		.	City
Taxpayer	Type of Business	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Valley Fair	Amusement Park	2,000	1	10.18%	1,200	2	7.40%
Canterbury Park	Horse Racing	1,650	2	8.40%			
Seagate	Manufacturing/Research	1,200	3	6.11%	1,100	3	6.78%
School District No. 720	Education	1,200	4	6.11%	390	7	2.41%
Imagine Print Solutions	Printing	950	5	4.83%			
St. Francis RMC	Health Care	800	6	4.07%	363	8	2.24%
Scott County	Government	570	7	2.90%	470	4	3.05%
Walmart	Retail	375	8	1.91%			
Northstar Auto Auction	Auto Auction	355	9	1.81%			
Anchor Glass	Manufacturing	285	10	1.45%	287	10	1.76%
ADC	Manufacturing				1,400	1	8.64%
Kmart	Distribution Center				424	5	2.62%
Shakopee Valley Printing	Printing				415	6	2.56%
CertainTeed	Manufacturing				300	9	1.85%
		9,385		47.77%	6,349		39.31%
Total Employment				19,650			16,213

Source: Minnesota Department of Employment and Economic Development.

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
General Government:					
Administration	6	6	6	5	5
City Clerk	4	4	4	4	4
Finance	3	3	3	3	3
Planning	5	5	5	5	5
Facilities Maintenance	4	4	6	6	7
Information Technology	2	2	2	2	2
Public Safety:					
Police:					
Licensed	40	42	45	46	47
Other	7	9	7	7	6
Fire:					
Full time	_	-	-	1	2
Paid On Call	50	50	48	48	48
Building Inspection	8	8	8	7	6
Public Works:					
Engineering	9	9	9	7	7
Street	11	12	12	12	13
Shop	3	3	3	3	3
Park and Recreation:					
Park Maintenance	7	7	7	8	8
Recreation	8	10	10	10	7
Economic Development:					
EDA	_	-	-	-	-
Total	167	174	175	174	173

Source: City departments

Table 16

2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
5	5	5	6	7
5 4	4	4	6 3	7
3		3	4	4
3 5	3 5	5	5	3 4 5 4 2
6	6	6	4	4
2	2	2	2	2
47	47	50	49	47
6	6	6	7	10
3	3	3	3	7
44	44	42	44 5	44 5
5	5	5	5	5
7	7	7	7	7
13	13	13	13	13
3	3	4	3	13 3
8	Q	8	8	Q
7	8 7	8 7	8 7	8 8
,	,	,	,	O
				1
168	168	170	170	178

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2004	2005	2006	2007
General Government				
Planning				
Number of Case Files	109	120	91	67
Number of Plats Filed	9	7	10	3
Number of Acres Platted	238	321	155	38
Public Safety				
Police				
Arrests	1,248	1,451	1,770	2,199
Citations	3,802	3,843	4,970	6,073
Calls for Service	16,062	17,363	18,333	19,606
Fire				
Calls for Service	479	539	494	609
Building Inspection				
Building Permits Issued	1,638	1,512	1,131	1,194
Number of Inspections	14,535	15,175	9,671	8,174
Single Family Homes Permitted	396	352	223	138
Public Works				
Street				
Miles of Roadway	114	123	153	154
Park and Recreation				
Park Maintenance				
Acres Maintained	760	925	930	930
Recreation				
Program Participants	9,693	9,842	9,928	10,847
Community Center Members	541	516	578	597
Community Center Admissions	75,018	77,543	91,776	100,044

Source: City departments

Table 17

2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
68	35	33	24	47	49
2	2	1	2	5	8
50	34	6	68	89	99
1,881	1,913	1,962	1,666	1,798	1,387
4,058	6,127	5,528	5,647	5,636	4,665
19,057	17,909	17,831	17,852	18,349	17,822
538	517	557	600	617	584
1,019	1,102	1,083	1,881	1,413	3,556
5,946	9,726	8,048	8,004	8,191	7,446
94	314	160	118	97	104
154	154	154	154	154	154
933	933	933	933	933	933
11,410	10,377	13,001	13,157	13,104	15,854
613	823	2,534	3,682	4,009	5,025
100,397	109,257	117,336	120,667	128,929	140,778

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Police:	·				_
Stations	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol Zones	4	4	4	4	4
Patrol Units	13	13	15	15	15
Fire Stations	2	2	2	2	2
Street:					
Miles of Roadway	114	123	153	154	154
Traffic Signals	25	25	25	25	26
Parks:					
Acres	760	925	1,015	1,015	1,019
Ball Fields	46	46	47	47	49
Playgrounds	13	13	18	22	24

Source: City Departments

Table 18

_	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
	1	1	1	1	1
	4	4	4	4	4
	15	15	15	15	15
	2	2	2	2	2
	154	154	154	154	154
	27	27	27	29	29
	1,024	1,024	1,024	1,048	1,048
	49	52	54	56	56
	24	24	26	26	26